

AN494/D

An HC11-controlled Multiband RDS Radio

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This application note describes the software and hardware features of the microprocessor controller of a synthesised multiband radio which includes RDS decoding (FM, band II). It uses an MC68HC(7)11 microprocessor whose program can be on-chip or contained in an external EPROM. ROMed versions are available. Both LCD and VFD 16-character dot-matrix display modules can be used to display RDS and tuning information. Traffic messages, initiated by the reception of EON data (group 14B) or TA=TP=1 on the current frequency, are handled. The station carrying the TA is tuned for the duration of the message, followed by a return to the original frequency. A tuning knob employing an incremental encoder is supported.

1. Introduction

Figure 1 shows a block diagram of the application. The controller hardware and software will be described in detail. The other hardware is not covered to the same depth as it will vary between different implementations, the intention being to describe a controller which could be added to an existing radio or to one which includes only one or two of the possible bands. Separate FM and AM PLLs are shown. This is not essential but reduces the amount of band switching necessary and simplifies hardware fault-finding. The illustrated configuration corresponds to that used by the author for software development and debugging.

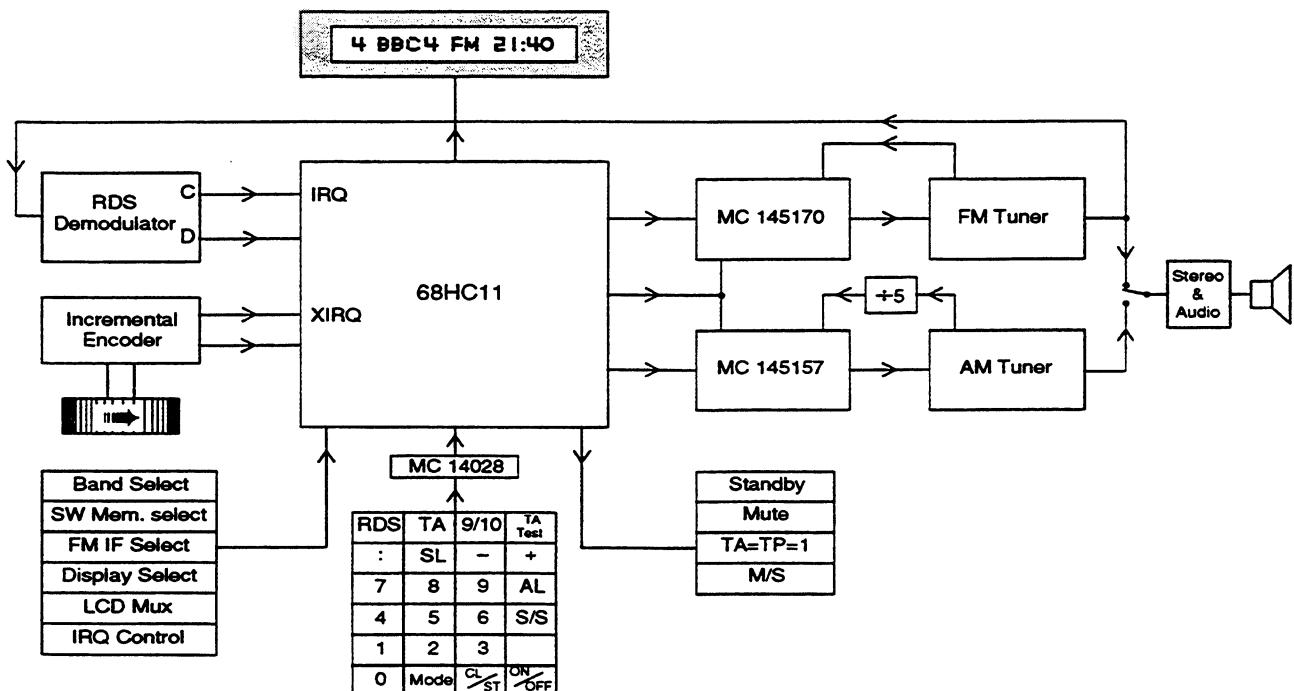


Figure 1. Main block diagram

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The microprocessor used is the MC68HC(7)11. The K4 (and similar chips such as the P2 and PH8) can be used in expanded mode but the application has been included in the ROM of an E32 and a PH8. In order to use the ROMed parts in this application, the first three bytes of EEPROM should contain an extended jump to the appropriate start address. The E32 (ZC403311) requires \$7E, \$90 and \$00 at addresses \$B600, \$B601 and \$B602, while the PH8 (ZC428200 or ZC428202) requires \$7E, \$40 and \$00 at addresses \$0D00, \$0D01 and \$0D02. This can be done using either PCbug11 or the Buffalo monotor (see reference 5). The E32 version uses all the I/O and can therefore only be used in single-chip mode. The circuit diagram of the HC11E controller is shown in figure 2 and that of the K4/PH8 in figure 3. The K4/PH8 version shows the additional hardware (within the dotted line) used to develop and debug the software on a K4 using PCbug11. This implementation uses two of the K4's chip selects to enable external memories allowing debug to be done with the code in RAM and the PCbug11 talker in an EPROM. This arrangement requires a further 4 I/O lines, leaving 30 for use in the application. The description of the application, and the listed software, corresponds to the E32 ROMed version (ZC403311). Later sections list the port allocation and functional differences which apply to the PH8 ROMed versions (ZC428200 and ZC428202).

40 programs (10 on FM and MW and 20 on SW) can be stored using the HC11E's on-chip EEPROM (the PH8 has 20 additional SW programs). Each contains frequency, an 8-character name (PS name on a station with RDS) and, on FM only, PI code and a TA inhibit bit. For stations with no RDS (e.g., all AM stations), the saved name can be manually entered. Programs saved with no name use their frequency instead. The SW banks are selected by an I/O line (two for the PH8). When the microprocessor is reset, or any of the band or memory select inputs are changed, the last used program in the selected band is tuned. This feature does not require that the microprocessor is permanently powered up, as this information is also stored in non-volatile EEPROM.

The keyboard uses an MC14028 decoder to minimise the number of I/O lines used. Either LCD or VFD 16-digit dot-matrix displays can be used. The VFD display driver supported is the MSC7128, and the LCD driver the HD44780. This driver on its own provides a 16-way multiplexed LCD. In conjunction with an HD44100 it can facilitate an 8-way multiplexed higher contrast display. The input level on a port pin selects the appropriate type of multiplexing to match the display in use. To minimise the I/O activity, only one display is driven, the choice between LCD and VFD again being determined by an I/O line.

MC145170 and MC145157 PLLs are supported, using the same data and clock lines as the VFD driver, along with dedicated chip selects. The 5157 requires an external pre-scaler for frequencies above 20 MHz, but the 5170 has an on-chip 160 MHz capability.

A tuning knob can be included by using an incremental encoder. This can utilise either IRQ or XIRQ. As IRQ is used for the RDS clock, XIRQ is most appropriate for the tuning function. The possibility of using IRQ (see below) has been included to facilitate debug with PCbug11 which can employ XIRQ for its communication with the PC. Edges detected on the encoder execute the PS edit and alarm setup functions of the +/- keys (depending on the direction of rotation). This provides a very quick and convenient method of editing the PS name and changing the alarm time. A difference in function between the encoder and the +/- keys applies in normal mode. The program number is not affected by the tuning knob. In this mode, when the +/- keys control the programme number, the tuning knob increments or decrements the frequency.

Two I/O lines are used to select the band. These lines are regularly monitored; if they change, the radio is retuned to the last used station in the selected band. Table 1 shows the bands which are available. Band 2 is intended for single-conversion (low IF) MW or SW radios. The large step size of 9 or 10 kHz is suitable for MW rather than SW, but the small step size of 1 kHz is suitable for either SW or MW. Band 3 is for dual-conversion (10.7 MHz first IF) SW designs. The FM IF offset is selected as + or - according to the level on port A, bit 2 (high: LO high; low: LO low). Bands 0 and 1 are both intended for VHF/FM, the difference between them being in the use of the HC11's IRQ pin. It is possible to use IRQ interrupts for both RDS and the tuning knob, as the two functions are not required simultaneously. To facilitate this, the band-select inputs affect the function performed when an edge is detected in the IRQ pin. When band zero is selected, an RDS bit is read, but in any other band the incremental encoder function is performed. This enables automatic selection of function if bit 0 on port A is taken high when movement is detected from the shaft encoder. This facility can be disabled (RDS function only) by holding bit 3 of port A low. This should be done if XIRQ is being used for the tuning knob. As XIRQ is level-sensitive, some additional components are required to interface it with the incremental encoder. Figure 4 shows a simple circuit which can be used for this purpose.

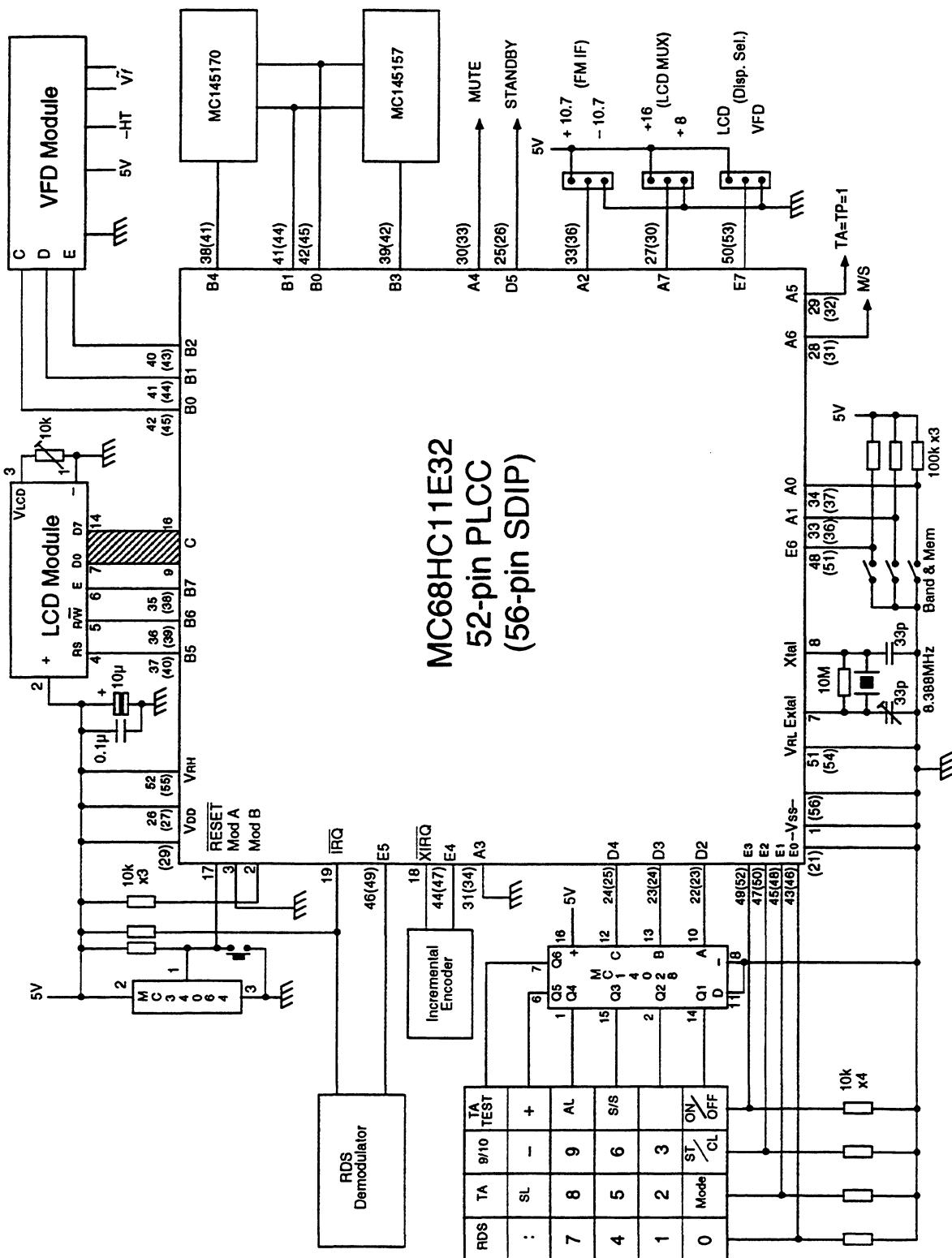


Figure 2. 68HC11E32 circuit

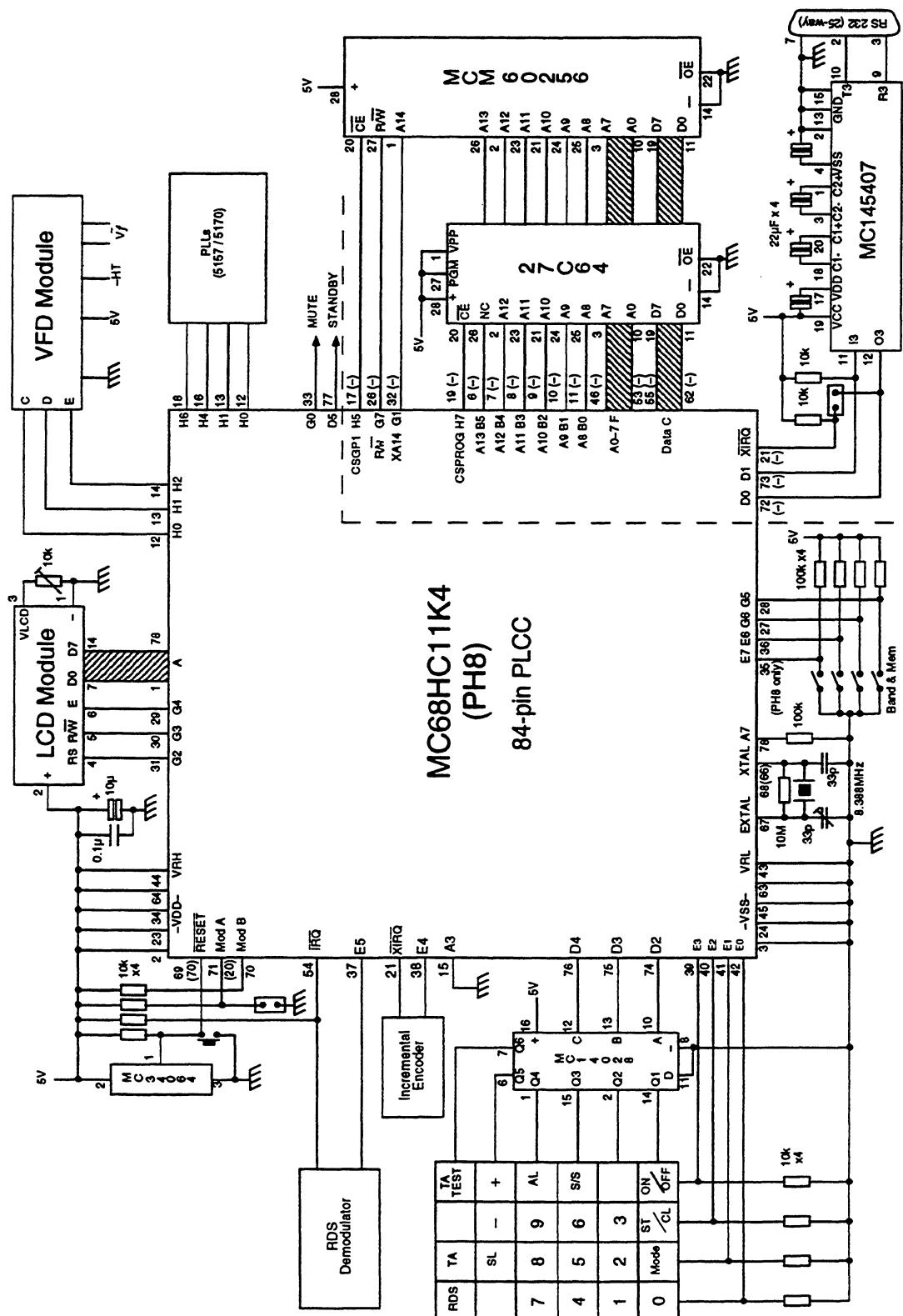


Figure 3. 68HC11K4 and PH8 circuit

Table 1. Available bands

Band	PA1	PA0	IF offset	Step	Memory	Use	Pre-scaler (5157 only)
0	0	0	+/-10,700	50, 10	10	VHF	10
1	0	1	+/-10,700	50, 10	10	VHF	10
2	1	0	455	9 (or 10), 1	10	MW/SW	-
3	1	1	10,700	5	20/40	SW	5

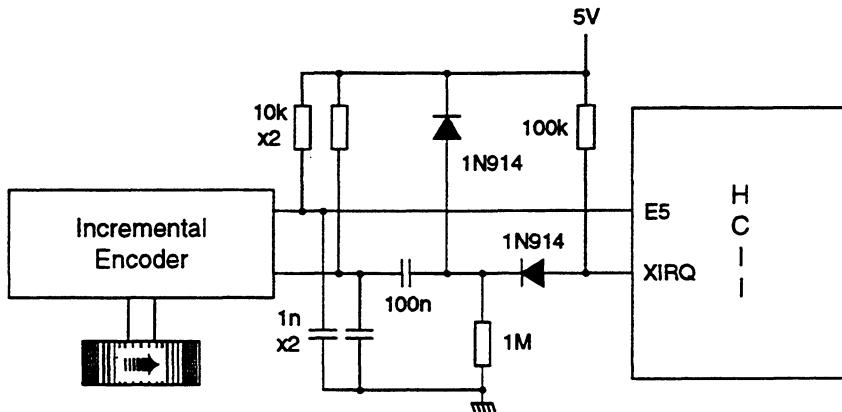


Figure 4. Incremental encoder interface circuit

2. Frequency synthesis

Synthesis of the local oscillator (LO) in a superheterodyne radio provides many advantages over mechanical tuning. The main benefits are tuning accuracy, stability and the storing of often-used frequencies. The accuracy and stability result from the fact that the local oscillator is phase-locked to a crystal oscillator. In conjunction with RDS, frequency synthesis provides the additional facility of allowing the radio to retune itself to a traffic announcement or news bulletin. A synthesiser can be retrofitted to most radios by replacing the tuning capacitor with a varicap diode. The voltage biasing the varicap is supplied by the synthesiser and can also be used to provide RF tuning. Alternatively, manual preselector or no RF tuning can be employed.

Motorola MC145157 and MC145170 synthesisers are two of a series offering a variety of options including serial or parallel interfacing and single or dual modulus prescaling. The MC145157 requires a prescaler for frequencies above 20 MHz but the MC145170 can handle input frequencies up to 160 MHz. The MC145157 has been included to retain compatibility with hardware developed for use with the HC05B4 synthesiser described in ANE416 (reference 1).

Figure 5 shows the block diagram of the MC145170. It uses the Motorola bitgrabber system, whereby the number of bits sent determines the register which is written to. There is therefore no need for the control bit which is required by the MC145157.

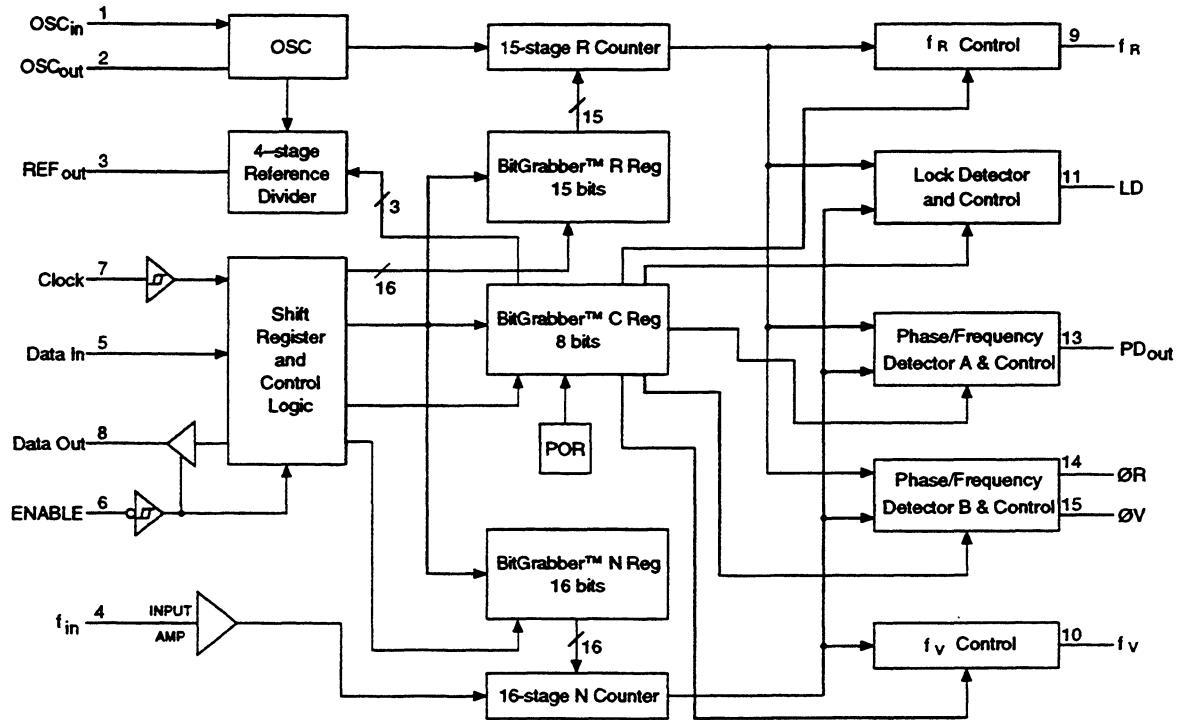


Figure 5. MC145170 block diagram

The reference counter divides the 8 MHz crystal oscillator (10 MHz for the 5157) down to the reference frequency (in this case 1 kHz for the 5157 and 10 kHz for the 5170) at which the comparison is made with the (also divided down) local oscillator. The filtered output of the phase comparator supplies the tuning voltage to the local oscillator. The numbers chosen as the divide ratios determine the frequency at which this oscillator stabilises. The equation below shows the relationship between the various frequencies where P is the LO prescaler (5157 only). The received frequency can be changed by altering the LO divide ratio. The microprocessor takes care of the decimal to binary conversion, IF offset and the other arithmetic required.

$$\text{LO freq.} = \text{RF} + \text{IF} = P \cdot [\text{(Xtal freq.)} / (\text{ref. div. ratio})] \cdot \text{LO div. ratio}$$

The MC145157 is specified to operate up to 20 MHz, so pre-scaling is required on FM and SW (10.7 MHz IF). For this SW band, divide by 5 pre-scaling is used; for FM, divide by 10 is used. This increases the minimum step size to 10 kHz of FM, which is ideal for this band, and to 5 kHz on SW, which is suitable for almost all broadcast stations. The MC145170 does not require any prescaling even on the FM band and can use this to advantage by allowing the use of a higher reference frequency, making the low pass filter design less critical.

An important part of any phase-locked loop is the loop filter. The filter shown in figure 6 is an active filter using the double-ended phase detector outputs from the MC145170 feeding a CA3460 operational amplifier. This dual op-amp allows the simple double-ended low pass filter to be followed by a 2nd order Sallen and Key filter. An active filter has the added advantage of increasing the available voltage swing beyond the supply rail of the MC145170/5157.

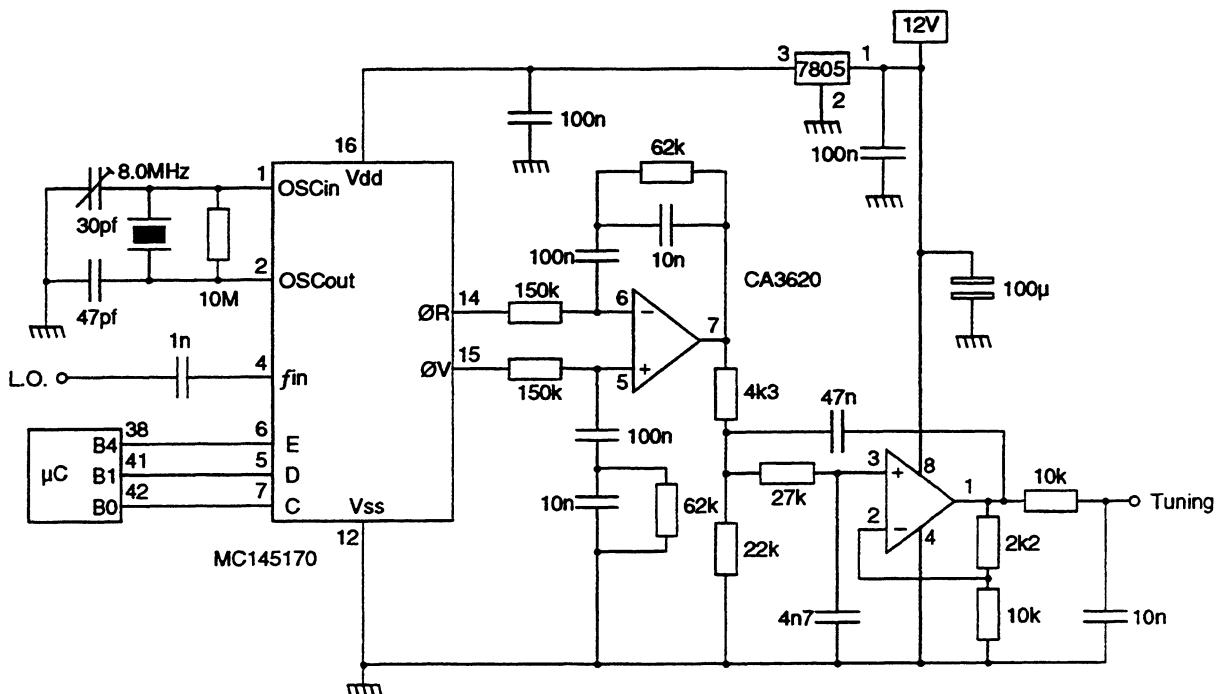


Figure 6. MC145170 circuit

The combination of active filter and double-ended phase detector outputs makes it simple to select the correct relationship between voltage and frequency. Usually, the fixed side of the varicap diode is earthed, so increased voltage increases the frequency of the oscillator; in some oscillator designs, the fixed side may be taken to the supply rail, and increasing the voltage will decrease the frequency. With the filter design shown, the choice can be made simply by swapping the phase detector outputs from the PLLs.

3. RDS

The Radio Data System (RDS) adds a digital data capability to the FM VHF transmissions on band II (87.5 to 108 MHz). The specification is defined in CENELEC EN 50067 (formerly EBU Technical Document 3244, reference 2). An MC68HC05E0 implementation of RDS was described in AN460/D (reference 3). It monitored the RDS activity on the MPX signal of a VHF radio but was not able to tune the radio and could therefore not use AF or EON data. This application can tune the radio and uses EON data to retune the radio when a traffic announcement is taking place on another frequency. An announcement is initiated by a packet 14B and the radio retunes if TAs are enabled. At the end of the TA the original station is re-tuned. TAs are not active in standby mode (standby line high).

To transmit the data, a subcarrier is added at 57 KHz. This subcarrier is amplitude-modulated with the shaped bi-phase coded data signal. The subcarrier itself is suppressed to avoid data modulated cross-talk in phase-locked-loop stereo decoders and to maintain compatibility with the German ARI system which uses the same subcarrier frequency. Information is sent in groups of four 26-bit blocks. Each group of 104 bits is one of several types containing different information. It is up to the broadcaster to decide which features are transmitted as long as the specified format is adhered to and PI, PTY and TP are included. Each group contains a different sub-set of the RDS features; a list of all currently defined features is shown in table 2.

The retrieval of data is carried out by demodulation hardware, which generates clock and data signals that can be used by the microprocessor. Suitable devices which can perform this function include SAA6579, SAA7579T (plus an external filter), TDA7330, LA2231 and RDS hybrids.

Table 2. RDS features

Feature	Information
PI	Program identification
PTY	Program type
PS	Program service name
RT	Radiotext
CT	Clock time and date
AF	Alternative frequencies
TA	Traffic announcement
TP	Traffic program
MS	Music/speech switch
DI	Decoder identification
PIN	Programme item number
EON	Enhanced other networks
TDC	Transparent data channel
INH	In-house data

This application supports PI, PTY, PS, RT, CT, TP, TA, MS, DI, PIN and EON. These features facilitate permanent display of the 8-digit station name (PS) and time (CT) and, on request, can display program type (PTY), radiotext data (RT) and the status of the other RDS information (see table 5). EON data can be displayed and used to switch to traffic announcements, but the retuning features associated with AF are not supported, as they are only appropriate for a radio intended for use in a vehicle. In a car radio, AF data would be used to tune the radio to the strongest signal carrying the selected service. PI is a 2-byte number which identifies the country, coverage area and service. It can be used by the control microprocessor but is not normally intended for display. A change in PI code causes the initialisation of all RDS data as it indicates that the radio has been retuned. This application facilitates the display of the current PI code.

PTY is a 5-bit number which indicates the current program type. At present, 16 of these types are defined. Examples include "no programme type", "Current affairs" and "Pop music", although the actual syntax which is displayed is determined by the software of the controlling microprocessor. In this example, PTY can be displayed on request; table 3 shows the display used for each PTY code.

PS is the eight character name of the station and is permanently displayed (except in standby mode). In the absence of RDS (e.g., AM bands) the name can be manually entered. If none is entered, then the frequency is used as the station name when the program is stored in EEPROM.

Radiotext (RT) constitutes a string of up to 64 characters which give additional information regarding the service or programme currently being transmitted. In this application, RT is displayed on request on the 16-digit dot-matrix displays, using scrolling. The data often contains extra spaces to centre the text on a 2 x 32-character display. As these are not appropriate for a 16-character scrolling display, the software reduces all sequences of two or more spaces to a single space.

CT data is transmitted every minute on the minute and provides a very accurate clock, traceable to national standards. The (Modified Julian) date and local time variation are also transmitted. Time is permanently displayed. In standby mode (see below), the date is displayed instead of the PS name. The MJD number, which is the form in which the date is received, can also be displayed. The microprocessor converts this number into day-of-week, day-of-month, month and year.

Table 3. PTY Types

PTY	Display
0	no program type
1	News
2	Current affairs
3	Information
4	Sport
5	Education
6	Drama
7	Culture
8	Science
9	Varied
10	Pop music
11	Rock music
12	Easy listening
13	Light classics
14	Serious classics
15	Other music
16-31	no program type

AF would be used by a car radio to retune to the strongest signal carrying the selected service. AF data, along with TDC and INH, is not used in this application.

TA and TP are flags. TP is set if the transmitter normally carries traffic information and TA is set if a traffic announcement is in progress. The combination: TA=1 and TP=0 is used to indicate that EON data is being used to supply information on other networks including traffic announcements. A port line (port A, bit 5) is asserted (low) when TA=TP=1. This can be used to demute or switch from another source (e.g., cassette) when a traffic announcement occurs.

M/S is a single bit indicating either music or speech, and is intended to be used to make a tone or volume adjustment to a radio's audio stage. The M/S bit is displayed on request. A port line (port A, bit 6) is asserted (low) when M/S=1. This can be used to control external hardware.

Decoder information (DI) constitutes four bits indicating the type of transmission (mono, stereo, binaural etc.). It is not currently in use in the UK but can be displayed as a number between 0 and 15.

Programme item number or PIN is used to identify the programme currently being broadcast. The format is a 2-byte number which includes the scheduled time and date (day-of-month) of the start of the programme. It can be displayed as four hexadecimal digits or fully decoded to day-of-month and time.

EON (Enhanced Other Networks) replaces the older ON format. If type 14 groups are used to provide EON data, then type 3 groups (ON) will not be used. Type 14A groups are used to send information about other networks. The PS name and principal frequency of up to 16 other networks can be displayed. Type 14B groups are used to switch to traffic announcements; they include the PI code of the station carrying the announcement. This PI code is searched for in NVM, and the required station is tuned if it is stored in NVM. This method allows the user to select which TAs are allowed (they will not occur if the station is not in NVM or if its TA inhibit bit is set) and avoids attempts to jump to an announcement which is not relevant or not receivable with sufficient signal strength to be useful.

4a. Keyboard

The keyboard has 23 keys. The illustration below shows the layout and table 4 contains a summary of key-function against mode.

	PE0	PE1	PE2	PE3
Q6	RDS	Traffic	MW step	TA test
Q5	Time colon	Sleep	-	+
Q4	7	8	9	Alarm
Q3	4	5	6	Store
Q2	1	2	3	
Q1	0	Manual	Clear/Step	On/Off

The following functions are available:

On/Off

This key is intended as an on/off control for the radio. It sets a port line low for on and high for standby and can be used to control the power supply to the radio. Its status affects the behaviour of other keys as described below.

Sleep

When pressed, the 1 hour sleep timer starts, leaving the standby line low (radio on) until the sleep time has elapsed. At this time the line is switched to the standby mode (high). In the normal display mode, the sleep timer running causes the decimal point to appear on the display modules' first character. The sleep timer can be cancelled by pressing ON/OFF. The sleep time can be reduced in increments of 5 minutes by re-pressing or holding down the SLEEP key.

Alarm

The alarm key selects the alarm display mode and toggles the alarm armed status. When the alarm is not armed, the legend "ALARM - OFF" is displayed. When it is armed, the alarm time is shown and adjustment of the alarm set-up can be done by selecting the field (5/7 day, hours or minutes) with the STORE/SET key. The selected field (hours or minutes) flashes and can be adjusted with the +/- keys or the tuning knob. The alarm set-up display returns to normal 3 seconds after the last adjustment. If the radio is in standby mode and the alarm is set, the alarm time is displayed instead of the date. The radio will come fully on (standby line low) at the alarm time. After a 500 ms delay to allow power supplies to stabilise, the programme which was tuned when the radio was last used is retuned. When set to the 5 day alarm, the alarm will not occur on Saturdays or Sundays.



Pressing + or - , while in normal mode, increments or decrements the program number. The program number wraps round at 0 and 9. The mute line is set high before retuning and returned low 100ms after the new frequency has been sent to the PLL. Changing the tuned program using the +/- keys (or the 0 - 9 keys) disables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors.

In PS-edit mode (see below), the + and - keys are used to change the character at the cursor position. This function is duplicated on the tuning knob incremental encoder. In the alarm set-up mode, the + and - keys are used to change the alarm time as described above. The field which is currently selected for adjustment (using the STORE key) flashes. This function is also duplicated on the tuning knob.

In manual mode, these keys increment and decrement the current frequency in steps of 10 kHz or 50 kHz (FM) as selected by the CLEAR/STEP key. The default is 10 kHz. On the SW band, 1 kHz (455kHz IF only) or 5 kHz steps are available; on the MW/LW band, 1 or 9 kHz steps are available. In the USA, 10 kHz is appropriate instead of 9 kHz; this can be selected with a special key (see below). This function is duplicated on the tuning knob both in this mode and in normal mode. Use of the +/- keys (or the incremental encoder) to adjust the frequency enables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors. In normal mode, on the AM bands, use of the tuning knob displays the frequency in the PS name field, facilitating simultaneous display of frequency and time.

Store/Set

In normal modes (not manual or alarm) the store key selects the PS-edit mode in which the first character of the displayed PS-name flashes and can be changed by the + and - keys or the tuning knob. Subsequent presses of STORE move to the next character. A space is shown as a "-". This mode returns to the normal display mode 10 seconds after the last key-press. This mode can be used to give a name to a station with no RDS PS name (all AM stations or an FM station with no RDS or with RDS of unusable quality). See below for the method of saving this name in EEPROM. Entry of a PS name in this way requires that PS name clearing is disabled. This is achieved by changing the program number (by using the +/- or 0 - 9 keys). Fine tuning enables PS name clearing (see +/- key description above). Direct frequency entry does not affect the PS name clearing status.

In the alarm-setup mode, STORE selects what will be changed when the + or - keys or the tuning knob are used (5/7 day, hours or minutes). Hours or minutes flash when they are selected.

In manual mode, STORE enters a special manual store mode in which the 0-9 keys save, rather than recall, a program. After pressing STORE, the program number flashes to indicate this change of function. Alternatively, a second press of STORE saves the current tuning information into the current program number. The current frequency, PI code (FM), PS name and TA inhibit flag (FM) are saved in EEPROM. The TA inhibit status can be changed using the TRAFFIC key (see below). If the PS edit mode has been used, then manual store mode should be used to save the entered PS name.

Manual

Select manual entry of frequency; a second press returns to normal mode if the tuned frequency has not been changed. If it has been changed, the second press retunes to the new frequency and an additional press is required to return to the normal mode. In manual mode, frequency is displayed instead of the time; the + and - keys or the tuning knob enable incrementing and decrementing of the current frequency. Direct entry of frequency can be made using 0 - 9 keys. In this mode, the STORE key enters the manual store mode in which the program number flashes, allowing storing of the tuned program and PS name into the current, or a different, program number. A second press of STORE saves the current frequency, PS name, PI code and TA inhibit bit (FM) in EEPROM.

In MANUAL mode, the TRAFFIC (TA) key controls the TA inhibit bit, which can be stored with each program. If the current station has its TP flag high, the least significant digit of the frequency will alternate with a decimal point. Pressing TP toggles the NVM inhibit bit. When inhibited, the decimal point between the MHz and the kHz becomes a "-". A subsequent press of STORE saves this bit in NVM along with the frequency, PI code and PS name.

0 to 9

These keys are used both for direct frequency entry and for recalling the 40 (PH8: 60) available programs. In all modes, except standby and manual, when a 0 - 9 key is pressed the selected program is tuned. Changing the tuned program using the 0 - 9 keys (or the +/- keys) disables PS name clearing if RDS information is absent or contains multiple errors. In manual mode these keys are used for the direct entry of frequency. After entering the required frequency, pressing MANUAL retunes to the new frequency. The mute line is set high before retuning and returned low 100ms after the new frequency has been sent to the PLL. In manual store mode, the program number flashes and the 0 - 9 keys save the tuned program into the selected program number in EEPROM.

RDS

The first press displays scrolling RT data. Subsequent presses display: PTY code, PI code, TA & TP, PIN code (2 formats), MJD, MS and DI, last TA PI code, the reason for returning from last TA and EON (up to 16 networks with their principal frequency). See table 5 for the display formats. The RDS key is operational in all modes except standby.

Traffic

Enable/disable traffic switching. When disabled, this is indicated by a decimal point in the eleventh character of the dot-matrix displays. Default at power-up is enabled. The TRAFFIC key works in all modes except standby. During manual mode and manual store mode, it toggles the TA inhibit status, which can subsequently be saved in NVM.

**Clear/
Step**

Toggles between 10 kHz and 50 kHz steps on the FM band, or between 1 and 9 kHz (or 10 kHz) on the MW band. There is no indication on the dot matrix displays. In manual mode, the displayed frequency is cleared to facilitate the entry of a new frequency. If the clear is followed by use of the + or - keys or the tuning knob, the original frequency is retained, allowing a change of step size only. In PS edit mode, the clear key clears the current PS name.

TA test

Pressing TA test simulates the arrival of a group 14B. The PI code of the other network is embedded in the code (C5B1, Radio Clyde in the ROMed version).

**Time
Colon**

This key enables or disables the flashing colon in the time display. This can be used to prevent unnecessary I/O activity thus reducing RFI. Disabling the colon prevents 1 Hz updating, as the display modules are only updated if the data to be displayed has changed.

**MW
Step**

This optional key selects 9 or 10 kHz steps on MW. 9 kHz is appropriate in Europe and 10 kHz in the USA. The default is 9 kHz, and the key need not be implemented if 10 kHz will never be required.

Table 4. Key function by mode

	On/Off	Sleep	Alarm	+/-	Store	Manual	TP	RDS	0-9	Clear
Standby (OFF)	mode normal (ON)	mode sleep (ON)	mode alarm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Normal (ON)	mode standby (OFF)	"	"	+/- prog.	mode PS-edit	mode manual	toggle traffic enable flag	display RT	tune prog.	toggle step 10/ 50kHz
PS edit	"	"	"	+/- ASCII	next char.	"	"	PTY	"	"
A off	"	"	mode alarm on	+/- prog.	-	"	"	PI TA TP	"	"
L on	"	"	mode alarm off	5/7 day toggle	mode set-up	"	"	PIN hex	"	"
A	"	"		+/- hour/min	hour/ min toggle	"	"	PIN dec MJD	"	"
R set	"	"	mode alarm	+/- freq.	mode store	mode normal	toggle traffic enable NV bit	M/S DI TA ret.	"	"
M up	"	"		"	save prog.			TA PI EON (16)	input freq.	"
M	"	"	mode alarm	+/- freq.	mode store	mode normal	toggle traffic enable NV bit	"	save prog.	& clear freq.
A	"	"		"	"			"		
N	"	"								
U	"	"								
A	"	"								
store	"	"								
L	"	"								

5. Circuit

The circuit is in two distinct parts. The circuit for the MC145170 synthesiser is shown in figure 6. The synthesiser board is the only part of the synthesiser controller which need actually be in (or close to) the radio. A local oscillator signal to supply the synthesiser should be taken from a low impedance point so that the oscillator is not significantly loaded. Pulling of the oscillator frequency is not a problem as the PLL circuitry will compensate, but loading the tuned circuit itself is not recommended unless a high impedance buffer is included. This prevents affecting the tuning range or the "Q" of the oscillator. The MC145157 requires a divide-by-10 prescaler for FM and divide-by-5 for band 3. The MC145170 does not require prescaling. The standard LP1186 FM tuner does not have an LO take-off but a signal can be taken, without other modification, from the emitter of the oscillator BF195 (near the centre of the PCB). The Mullard LP1186 is unusual in having its local oscillator low. More recent tuners, e.g., the Larsholt 7254/55, almost always have their local oscillator above the tuned frequency. This selection can be made using port A, bit 2.

A 16-digit LCD (parallel) or VFD (serial) dot-matrix display module can be driven. The two display modules show the same data (within the limitations of their character ROMs). The VFD display driver supported is the MSC7128, and the LCD driver the HD44780. This driver on its own can be used to provide a 16-way multiplexed display, but an 8-way multiplexed higher contrast display is possible if the module also incorporates an HD44100. If, in an application which drives an LCD module (e.g., a ROMed PH8), a module is not connected, a 10k pulldown resistor should be added to bit 7 of port A. This prevents the software hanging up waiting for the busy line to go low.

Figures 2 and 3 show the circuit diagrams of the controllers. Figure 2 gives the pin numbers for the 52-pin PLCC HC11E with the numbers for the 56-pin SDIP (if different) in brackets. With the E32, the display in use can be selected by the level on port E, bit 7 (high for LCD and low for VFD) and the LCD multiplexing by port A, bit 7 (high for divide-by-16, low for divide-by-8). The SW bank is selected by the level on port E, bit 6.

Figure 3 shows pin number for the 84-pin PLCC K4, with the differences for the PH8 in brackets. Debug on the K4 using PCbug11 (reference 4) requires some additional hardware (within the dotted line) and Port D bits 0 and 1 (SCI), Port G bits 1 and 7 (XA14 & R/W) and Port H bits 5 and 7 (CSGP1 & CSPROG), leaving 30 I/O lines for use in the application. The display selections are not available on the PH8 ROMed versions, but there are four SW banks of 10 program memories; they are selected by Port E, bits 6 and 7.

As different demodulator devices can be used, the circuitry for the demodulator is not shown. The clock from the demodulator interrupts the microprocessor on each positive edge. At this time a data bit is available and is read on bit 5 of port E.

6. Software

An assembled listing of part of the HC11E32 ROMed version (ZC403311) of the application is included. The software is in three modules and was assembled and linked using the Introl re-locatable assembler and linker. The first module is listed. It contains all the main control routines, including the main loop and keyboard scanning, and the function to be performed by each key. The second module contains the RDS and display functions, while the third module is the 4-function 9-digit integer BCD arithmetic required for the MJD date calculations. The second and third modules are described and listed in AN495/D (reference 4). EB419/D (reference 5) describes and lists additional debug code contained in the ROMed parts.

The code which is executed only on start-up (power-on or reset) begins at the label START on the third page of the first module's listing, while the main loop starts at the label IDLE on the next page. The idle loop is quite long, as many functions and checks have to be carried out. These include:

- pacing the loop using the main timer
- checking to see if the display needs updating or if a transient display has timed out
- checking if the alarm is armed and if so, comparing its time with the current time
- sleep timer operation
- traffic announcement timing and return
- keyboard scanning and selected function execution
- incremental encoder execution
- checking for changes in the band and memory selection inputs
- timing band changes
- updating TA=TP=1 and M/S outputs.

The keyboard subroutine, KBD, is executed at 64 Hz from the idle loop and checks to see if a key is pressed. If the same key is pressed on three consecutive tries, its function is performed. The remainder of the first module constitutes the subroutines performed by each key and the arithmetic and serial activity required to tune the synthesisers. The batch files used for linking the modules are shown as comments at the end of the listing, along with the pseudo-vectors required by PCbug11 during de-bug.

The displays are only updated when there is a change in the displayed data. At 8 Hz, a check is made to see if any characters have changed; if there has been a change, the display update routine is executed. This is done to minimise interference caused by communication with the displays. The colon between the hours and minutes of the time display changes at 1 Hz. This can be disabled (colon permanently displayed) by using the Time Colon key. The display routine (MOD) is executed in the idle loop if the flag bit 3 of STAT2 is set. It is set every 125 ms by timer B interrupts. If flag bit 4 of STAT2 is set, the display is initialised, indicating no valid RDS data. The dot-matrix modules are then updated, if necessary, with new data. Each time, before anything is written to the LCD module, the subroutine WAIT is used; this checks that the controller in the module is not busy. The different display formats are selected by checking the various flags and the relevant routine executed. The normal display permanently shows PS name and time. As the locations in RAM used for hours and minutes contain binary numbers, they are converted to BCD before being written to the relevant bytes in DISP. Once all 16 bytes in DISP have been loaded, loops are used to send the data to the display modules. The standby display (alarm not enabled) shows date and time. After a power-up, the display "Mon 0 inv 0:00" indicates that the date and time are invalid. The date and time will be correct once a valid RDS CT group has been received.

The VFD routine sends the same data as is shown on the LCD module to the serial VFD module. The display driver used has a different character set from the standard ASCII set used by the LCD module. The table VTAB is used to convert ASCII data into the required character in the VFD module. The small table INITF is used to send the required initialisation bytes to the VFD module. This module does not require a busy check but does require a delay between successive bytes. This is satisfied by the wait loop within the serial output loop VFDL. The LCD and VFD routines are in the second software module (see reference 4).

Table 5. Display formats

Display Mode		Format
Standby (Off)	Alarm off Alarm off, no CT Alarm on	Thu 12 May 21:35 Mon 0 inv 0:00 0659 Alarm 21:35
Normal (On)	With RDS PS name Without RDS Auto. name Tuning knob (AM)	4 BBC 4 FM 21:40 5 ----- 21:40 6 - 9410 21:40 6 --- 9415 21:40
Alarm	Alarm off Alarm on/set-up	Alarm - OFF 5 day Alarm 0659
Sleep		Sleep 60 min.
RDS	RT PTY PI TA & TP PIN(hex) PIN(decoded) MJD MS & DI last TA 1. 2. EON (16)	Kaleidoscope Culture PI code - C204 TP - 0 TA - 1 PIN no. - 655E 12th at 21:30 MJ day - 49484 M/S M DI 01 last TA PI C514 TA rtrn: EON PI BBC 3 FM 92.10 BBC Gael 103.70 BBC Nwcl 96.00 BBC Scot 94.30 BBC Scot 92.50 BBC Scot 94.70 BBC Scot 93.50 Classic 101.70 BBC Eng 107.90 BBC 1 FM 99.50 BBC 2 FM 89.90 ----- -----
Manual		6 Classic 101.70

7. Traffic announcements

The radio can respond to EON initiated traffic announcements if they are enabled by the TRAFFIC (TA) key. This status is indicated by a decimal point at the 11th character on the dot-matrix displays. A switch to a TA on another frequency will only occur if the station has previously been stored in NVM; the EON data which can be displayed using the RDS key is not used for TA switching. The PI code of the last TA (or attempted TA) can be displayed by pressing the RDS key eight times. A further press displays one of the TA return/inhibit messages shown below. TAs which are the result of TA=TP=1 on the current frequency do not update the last TA PI or TA return/inhibit messages.

When a 14B group is received, the following occurs:

Check traffic flag, if enabled proceed, otherwise set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA inhb: flag - Traffic key inhibit flag (d.p. at the 11th character position).

Search for TA PI code in NVM, if found proceed, otherwise set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA inhb: EON PI - The PI code given in 14B is not in the NVM.

Check station TA inhibit flag in NVM, if clear proceed, otherwise set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA inhb: NVM - User inhibit of station using bit stored in NVM.

Retune to frequency stored in NVM against EON PI code. The PS name display changes to show the PS name of the service carrying the traffic announcement and the time display is replaced by the new frequency. If the service has its TP flag high, then the 10s of kHz digit will flash as in the manual mode display. After one second, check TP flag at the new frequency. If high then proceed, otherwise return to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA rtrn: TP low - TP station does not have TP bit high.

Check PI code at new frequency. If correct (same as 14B EON TA PI code) then proceed, otherwise retune to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA rtrn: PI code - PI code of TP station was not as expected.

After an additional 2 seconds, start to monitor the TA flag, if high, remain on current frequency, if low return to original frequency and set TA rtrn/inhb message to:

TA rtrn: TA low - TA flag of TP station low. This is the normal return method.

If, during a TA, the radio is manually retuned, the TA rtrn/inhb message is set to:

TA rtrn: manual - User initiated manual return

8. Microprocessor I/O

K4 & PH8		Function	E32	
Port A bits	0-7	LCD module data bus	Port C bits	0-7
Port B bits	0-7	High order addresses (K4)	N/A	
Port C bits	0-7	Data bus (K4)	N/A	
Port D bits	0-1 2-4 5	Debug (PCbug11 or Buffalo) Keyboard rows (via 14028 encoder) Standby (high: standby, low: on)	Port D bits	0-1 2-4 5
Port E bits	0-3 4 5 6 7	Keyboard columns Shaft direction (XIRQ) RDS data in or shaft direction (IRQ) Short-wave memory select 1 Short-wave memory select 2 (PH8 only)	Port E bits	0-3 4 5 6
Port F bits	0-7	Low order addresses	N/A	
Port G bits	0 1 2-4 5-6 7	Mute XA14 (K4 only) LCD control lines (RS, R/W & Clock) Band select R/W (K4)	Port A bit N/A Port B bits Port A bits N/A	4 5-7 0-1
Port H bits	0-1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Serial clock/data for VFD & PLLs VFD chip enable (PH8: +/- 10.7 MHz) Port E, bit 5 input control MC145170 PLL chip enable CSGP1 (K4 only) MC145157 PLL chip enable CSPROG (K4 only)	Port B bits Port B bit Port A bit Port B bit N/A Port B bit N/A	0-1 2 3 4 5-7 0-1
N/A		FM IF select (+/- 10.7 MHz)	Port A bit	2
N/A		TA=TP=1	Port A bit	5
N/A		M/S=1	Port A bit	6
N/A		LCD multiplex select (8/16)	Port A bit	7
N/A		Display module (LCD/VFD) select	Port E bit	7

9. Set-up & Testing

An effective method of faultfinding a PLL circuit is to initially do the tuning with a potentiometer, leaving the output of the filter disconnected from the VCO. As the radio is tuned through the frequency set up in the synthesiser, the filter output should switch from one extreme to the other. Until this test passes, it is not useful to close the loop, as it is very hard to distinguish the cause of a problem from its effects.

Check operation of the MC34064 LVI circuit. As the supply voltage is lowered, it should pull the reset pin low. This should occur between 4.70 and 4.50 Volts. Adjust trimmer on the EXTAL pin of the HC711 for accurate timekeeping in the absence of RDS CT information (radio should be detuned or tuned to a station known not to provide RDS). The trimmer on pin 2 of the PLL chip (MC145157 or MC145170) should be adjusted to provide an accurate reference frequency. This adjustment can be made simply by tuning to a strong broadcast of known frequency and adjusting for optimum reception or symmetric adjacent-channel response.

10. PH8 ROMed application

The ROMed PH8s (ZC428200 and ZC428202) differ from the described E32 version of this application as follows:

1. 40 short-wave programmes can be stored instead of 20. These are accessed by the use of a second memory-select line (port E, bit 7).
2. There is no display selection; both LCD and VFD signals are generated. If an LCD module is not connected, a pull-down on port A, bit 7 should be included (see figure 3).
3. LCD multiplexing is fixed at divide-by-8.
4. Traffic announcement (retune to TA frequency) is not fully implemented in the ZC428200.
5. Time colon flash defeat key is not implemented; the display modules are always updated at 8 Hz.
6. TA=TP=1 and M/S outputs are not implemented.
7. 10 kHz MW steps are not available (no 9/10 key).
8. +/- 10.7 MHz IF selection (FM) is carried out on port H, bit 2 which is read after reset but before it is set up as an output. A pull-up or pull-down resistor will determine the IF selection (pull-up for LO high and pull-down for LO low) without affecting the pin's subsequent function as an output (VFD chip enable).
9. The 500 ms delay at switch-on between the standby line moving and the PLLs being retuned is not implemented.
10. The sleep d.p. flashes during operation of the sleep timer.

11. References

1. Application note ANE416, A Radio Synthesiser using the MC68HC05B4.
2. CENELEC EN 50067, Specifications of the Radio Data System (RDS).
(formerly EBU Technical Document 3244).
3. Application note AN460/D, An RDS Decoder using the MC68HC05E0.
4. Application note AN495/D, RDS decoding for an HC11 controlled radio.
5. EB419/D, ROMed HC11E32 and HC11PH8 including Buffalo monitor and PCbug11 talker.

Appendix

```

16      ****
16      *      Flags, & pages 1-2.
16      ****
16
16      STAT    RMB    1      0: MODE 1: STATION, 0: FREQ
16      *      1: STEP 1: 50KHz, 0: 10KHz
16      *      2: CLRQ 1: CLEAR IF NO. KEYED
16      *      3: TIMER MS BIT TOGGLE (64 Hz)
16      *      4: RDS DATA CLEARING ENABLE
16      *      5: KEY FUNCTION PERFORMED
16      *      6: KEY REPEATING
16      *      7: NOT JUST POWERED UP
16      000000a6      STAT2   RMB    1      0: VALID SYNDROME
16      *      1: VALID GROUP
16      *      2: PT DISPLAY
16      *      3: UPDATE DISPLAY
16      *      4: CLEAR DISPLAY
16      *      5: SPACE FLAG
16      *      6: NOT ON PROGRAM (AM)
16      *      7: TA RETUNE DONE
16      000000a7      STAT3   RMB    1      0: NOT ON PROGRAM (FM)
16      *      1: TEXTA/TEXTB BIT (RT)
16      *      2: TA FLAG
16      *      3: TF FLAG
16      *      4: SHAFT DIRECTION
16      *      5: SHAFT ROTATION
16      *      6: UPDATE DATE
16      *      7: SHAFT INTERRUPTS
16      000000a8      STAT4   RMB    1      0: DISPLAY (OR TA SWITCH) TRANSIENT
16      *      1: SLEEP TIMER RUNNING
16      *      2: TRAFFIC ENABLED
16      *      3: ALARM DISPLAY
16      *      4: ALARM ARMED
16      *      5: ALARM SET-UP
16      *      6: ALARM HOURS (SET-UP)
16      *      7: VALID GROUP 14B RECEIVED
16      000000a9      STAT5   RMB    1      0: BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT
16      *      1: RDS DISPLAYS
16      *      2: SLEEP DISPLAY
16      *      3: M/S 0: M, 1: S
16      *      4: RETUNE FLAG (FREQUENCY MODE)
16      *      5: TA INHIBIT FLAG (NVM)
16      *      6: STORE MODE
16      *      7: WEEKDAY ONLY ALARM
16
16      000000aa      STAT6   RMB    1      BAND/BANK (.MW STEP.COLON, .A1,A0.,E6)
16      000000ac      BCTO    RMB    1      BAND CHANGE TIMEOUT
16      000000ad      SCNT    RMB    1      SHAFT DETENT COUNTER
16
16      EON     SECTION .RAM2.COMM
16      RMB    256      EON DATA (16 NETWORKS)
16      SECTION .RAM3.COMM
16
16      DISP    RMB    16      LCD MODULE BUFFER
16      DISPP   RMB    16      CURRENT LCD MODULE CONTENTS
16      PSN     RMB    8
16      RT     RMB    69      RADICTEXT

```

```

18 SECTION .ROM1
19
20 00000000 >7e0000 STRST JMP START RESET VECTOR
21 00000003 >7e0000 TMRB JMP TINTB RTI
22 00000006 >7e0000 IRQ JMP SDATA IRQ
23
24 ****
25 *
26 * Reset routine - set-up ports etc.
27 *
28 ****
29
30 00000009 8601 START LDAA #$01
31 0000000b 973d STAA INIT
32 0000000d 8610 LDAA #$10
33 0000000f b71035 STAA $1035
34
35 00000012 8630 LDAA #$30 IRQ EDGE SENSITIVE
36 00000014 b71039 STAA $1039
37 00000017 8603 LDAA #$03 32Hz RTI (8.388MHz XTAL)
38 00000019 b71026 STAA $1026 PORTA, BITS 3 & 7 INPUTS
39 0000001c 8640 LDAA #$40 ENABLE REAL TIME INTERRUPTS
40 0000001e b71024 STAA $1024
41 00000021 8600 LDAA #$00 DWNOM = 0, PORTD PUSH-PULL
42 00000023 b71028 STAA $1028
43
44 00000026 8e02ff LDS #$02FF INITIALISE STACK POINTER
45
46 00000029 18ce1000 LDY #$1000 0,1: BAND INPUTS (FM, FM, MW, SW), 2: FM IF
47 0000002d 8610 LDAA #$10 3: IRQ CONTROL, 4: MUTE, 5: TA=TP=1
48 0000002f 18a700 STAA PORTA,Y 6: M/S=1, 7: 8/16 LCD MUX
49
50 00000032 8600 H2L LDAA #$00 0,1: SERIAL CLOCK/DATA, 5,6,7: LCD CONTROL
51 00000034 18a704 STAA PORTB,Y 2,3,4: LATCH SIGNALS (VFD, 5157 & 5170)
52
53 00000037 186f03 CLR PORTC,Y
54 0000003a 86ff LDAA #$FF
55 0000003c 18a707 STAA PORTCD,Y
56
57 0000003f 186f08 CLR PORTD,Y 0,1: SCI (DEBUG)
58 00000042 863c LDAA #$3C 2-4: KEYBOARD OUTPUTS
59 00000044 18a709 STAA PORTDD,Y 5: STANDBY
60
61 * PORTE 0-3: KEYBOARD INPUTS, 4: SHAFT INPUT (XIRQ)
62 * " 5: RDS/SHAFT INPUT, 6: SW BANK, 7: LCD/VFD
63
64 ****
65 *
66 * Initialise LCD and RAM.
67 *
68 ****
69
70 00000047 >bd0000 JSR DBOUNC WAIT 15ms
71 0000004a 8630 LDAA #$30
72 0000004c >bd0000 JSR CLOCK INITIALISE LCD
73 0000004f >bd0000 JSR DBOUNC WAIT 15ms
74 00000052 8630 LDAA #$30
75 00000054 >bd0000 JSR CLOCK INITIALISE LCD
76
77 00000057 >ce0000 CLOOP LDX #BMJD INITIALISE PAGE 0 RAM
78 0000005a 6f00 CLR 0.X
79 0000005c 08 INX
80 0000005d >8c0001 CPX #SCNT+1 MORE ?
81 00000060 26f8 BNE CLOOP
82 00000062 >140004 BSET STAT4,S04 ENABLE TRAFFIC SWITCHING - DEFAULT ?
83 00000065 >140001 BSET STAT,S01 STATION MODE
84
85 00000068 8630 LDAA #$30
86 0000006a >bd0000 JSR CLOCK INITIALISE LCD
87 0000006d >bd0000 JSR WAIT
88 00000070 8630 LDAA #$30 /8 DISPLAY
89 00000072 181f008002 BRCLR PORTA,Y,S80,M8
90 00000077 8638 LDAA #$38 /16 DISPLAY
91 00000079 >bd0000 JSR CLOCK LATCH IT
92 0000007c >bd0000 JSR WAIT
93 0000007f 8608 LDAA #$08 SWITCH DISPLAY OFF
94 00000081 >bd0000 JSR CLOCK LATCH IT
95 00000084 >bd0000 JSR WAIT
96 00000087 8601 LDAA #$01 CLEAR DISPLAY
97 00000089 >bd0000 JSR CLOCK LATCH IT
98 0000008c >bd0000 JSR INITD INITIALISE RDS DATA & DISPLAY
99 0000008f >bd0000 JSR CLREON AND EON DATA
100
101 * Initialise interrupt JMPs
102
103 000000eb JRTI EQU $00EB E32 BUFFALO RAM JUMP TABLE
104 000000ee JIRQ EQU $00EE
105 000000f1 JXIRQ EQU $00F1
106
107 00000092 867e LDAA #$7E
108 00000094 97eb STAA JRTI
109 00000096 97ee STAA JIRQ
110 00000098 97f1 STAA JXIRQ
111 0000009a >cc0000 LDD #TINTB
112 0000009d ddec STD JRTI+1 RTI
113 0000009f >cc0000 LDD #SDATA
114 000000a2 ddef STD JIRQ+1 IRQ
115 000000a4 >cc0000 LDD #SHAFTX
116 000000a7 ddf2 STD JXIRQ+1 XIRQ
117
118 000000a9 8600 LDAA #$00 ENABLE IRQ & XIRQ
119 000000ab 06 TAP

```



```

228
229
230      *      Idle loop (cont.).      *
231      *      Retune if band or SW bank inputs changed.      *
232
233
234
235 0000019b 18ce1000      ****
236 0000019f >1300805e      NRDSP LDY #$1000
237 000001a3 181f000110      BRCLR STAT,$80,BTO
238 000001a8 >1200041c      BRCLR PORTA,Y,S01,L5
239 000001ac >140004      BRSET STAT6,$04,CG6
240 000001af >1200084e      BSET STAT6,$04
241 000001b3 >140080      BSET STAT6,$08,BTO
242 000001b6 202e          BRA  STAT3,$80
243                                CHE
244 000001b8 >1300040c      BRA
245 000001bc >150004      LS   BRCLR STAT6,$04,CG6
246 000001bf >1200083e      BCLR  STAT6,$04
247 000001c3 >150080      BRSET STAT6,$08,BTO
248 000001c6 201e          BCLR  STAT3,$80
249                                BRA
250 000001c8 181f000209      CG6   BRCLR PORTA,Y,S02,L6
251 000001cd >12000815      BRSET STAT6,$08,CHE
252 000001d1 >140008      BSET  STAT6,$08
253 000001d4 202b          BRA  BTO
254
255 000001d6 >1300080c      L6   BRCLR STAT6,$08,CHE
256 000001da >150008      BCLR  STAT6,$08
257 000001dd >12000420      BRSET STAT6,$04,BTO
258 000001e1 >150080      BCLR  STAT3,$80
259 000001e4 201b          BRA  BTO
260
261 000001e6 >12000c02      CHE  BRSET STAT6,$0C,BD3
262 000001ea 201f          BRA  OK6
263 000001ec      BD3
264 000001ec 181f0a4009      CE6   BRCLR PORTE,Y,$40,E6L
265 000001f1 >12000116      BRSET STAT6,$01,OK6
266 000001f5 >140001      BSET  STAT6,$01
267 000001f8 2007          BRA  BTO
268
269 000001fa >1300010d      E6L  BRCLR STAT6,$01,OK6
270 000001fe >150001      BCLR  STAT6,$01
271
272 00000201 >140080      BTO   BSET  STAT,$80
273 00000204 860a          LDAA #$10
274 00000206 >9700      STAA BCTO
275 00000208 >140001      BSET  STAT5,$01
276
277
278
279      *      Idle loop (cont.).      *
280
281
282
283 0000020b >13000111      OK6   BRCLR STAT5,$01,ARI
284 0000020f >7a0000      DEC   BCTO
285 00000212 260c          BNE  ARI
286 00000214 >150001      BCLR  STAT5,$01
287 00000217 8d26          BSR   RCLP
288 00000219 >13000c03      BRCLR STAT6,$0C,ARI
289 0000021d >140080      BSET  STAT3,$80
290
291 00000220 >12000c06      ARI   BRSET STAT3,$0C,TATP
292 00000224 181c0020      BSET  PORTA,Y,$20
293 00000228 2004          BRA  IOOK
294 0000022a 181d0020      TATP  BCLR  PORTA,Y,$20
295
296 0000022e >12000806      IOOK  BRSET STAT5,$08,MSH
297 00000232 181c0040      BSET  PORTA,Y,$40
298 00000236 2004          BRA  IDLJ
299 00000238 181d0040      MSH   BCLR  PORTA,Y,$40
300
301 0000023c >7e0000      IDLJ  JMP  IDLE
302
303 0000023f 181c0010      RCLP  BSET  PORTA,Y,$10
304 00000243 c678          LDAB  #$120
305 00000245 >bd0000      JSR   READ1
306 00000248 >9700      STAA  LED
307 0000024a >7e0000      JMP   RETUNE2
308
309
310
311      *      Shaft rotation interrupts.      *
312
313
314
315 0000024d 181e0a2005      SHAFT BRSET PORTE,Y,$20,SEM
316 00000252 >150010      BCLR  STAT3,$10
317 00000255 2003          BRA  TEM
318 00000257 >140010      SEM   BSET  STAT3,$10
319 0000025a >140020      TEM   BSET  STAT3,$20
320 0000025d 3b             RTI
321
322 0000025e 181e0a1005      SHAFTX BRSET PORTE,Y,$10,XEM
323 00000263 >150010      BCLR  STAT3,$10
324 00000266 2003          BRA  YEM
325 00000268 >140010      XEM   BSET  STAT3,$10
326 0000026b >140020      YEM   BSET  STAT3,$20
327 0000026e 3b             RTI

```

```

329
330
331      *      Keyboard routine.
332
333
334
335 0000026f >7f0000
336 00000272 18ce1000
337 00000276 ce0007
338 00000279 >6e00
339 0000027b cb04
340 0000027d >700
341 0000027f 18e608
342 00000282 c420
343 00000284 >db00
344 00000285 18e708
345 00000289 18a60a
346 0000028c 850f
347 0000028e 2608
348 00000290 09
349 00000291 26e6
350 00000293 >7f0000
351 00000294 2013
352 00000298 >6e00
353 0000029a 58
354 0000029b 58
355 0000029c 18a60a
356 0000029f 840f
357 000002a1 1b
358 000002a2 >9100
359 000002a4 2705
360 000002a5 >9700
361 000002a6 >7f0000
362 000002ab >7c0000
363 000002ae >9600
364 000002b0 >13004000c
365 000002b4 >6e00
366 000002b6 2704
367 000002b8 8108
368 000002b9 200c
369 000002bc 8110
370 000002bc 2008
371 000002c0 8103
372 000002c2 252f
373 000002c4 271e
374 000002c6 812f
375 000002c8 2206
376 000002cc >9600
377 000002cc 271c
378 000002ce 0c
379 000002cf 39
380 000002d0 >9e00
381 000002d2 8154
382 000002d4 2708
383 000002d6 8158
384 000002d8 2704
385 000002da 8152
386 000002dc 260f
387 000002de >140040
388 000002e1 >7f0000
389 000002e4 >9600
390 000002e6 2702
391 000002e8 0d
392 000002e9 39
393 000002ed >150020
394 000002ed >150040
395 000002f0 >7f0000
396 000002f3 0c
397 000002f4 39
398
399
400
401      *      Execute key.
402
403
404
405 000002f5 24fd
406 000002f7 >9600
407 000002f9 8154
408 000002fb 270c
409 000002fd 8158
410 000002ff 2708
411 00000301 8152
412 00000303 2704
413 00000305 >120020eb
414
415 00000309 5f
416 0000030a >ce0000
417 0000030d 3a
418 0000030e a600
419 00000310 >9100
420 00000312 2709
421 00000314 >b10000
422 00000317 27db
423 00000319 cb04
424 0000031b 20ed
425 0000031d >140020
426 00000320 ad01
427 00000322 >7e0000
*****
```

* Keyboard routine.

* Execute key.

```

KBD    CLR    W1
LDY    #S1000
LDX    #7
LDAB   W1
ADD#  #S04
STAB   W1
LDAB   PORTD,Y
ANDB   #S20
ADD#  W1
STAB   PORTD,Y
LDAA   PORTE,Y
BITA   #S0F
BNE   L1
DEX
BNE   KEY1
KEY1
CLR   KEY
BRA   EXIT
L1    LDAB   W1
LSLB
LSLB
LDAA   PORTE,Y
ANDA   #S0F
ABA
CMPA   KEY
BEQ   EXIT
STA   KOUNT
CLR   KOUNT
INC   KOUNT
LDAA   KOUNT
BRCLR  STAT,$40,NRML
LDAB   PSNP
BEQ   NOTCH
#8
CMPA
BRA   GON2
NOTCH  CMPA #16
BRA   GON2
NRML  CMPA #3
BLO   KCLC
BEQ   GOON
CMPA #47
GON2  BHI   GOON2
LDAA   KEY
BEQ   RKEY
CLC
RTS
GOON2  LDAA   KEY
CMPA #S54
BEQ   GOON3
CMPA #S58
BEQ   GOON3
CMPA #S52
BNE   DNT2
GOON3  BSET  STAT,$40
CLR   KOUNT
GOON  LDAA   KEY
BEQ   RKEY
SEC
RTS
RKEY  BCLR  STAT,$20
DNT2  BCLR  STAT,$40
CLR   KOUNT
KCLC  CLC
DNT   RTS
*****
```

* Execute key.

```

KEYP  BCC   DNT
KEYP2 LDAA  KEY
CMPA #S54
BEQ   RPT
CMPA #S58
BEQ   RPT
CMPA #S52
BEQ   RPT
BRSET STAT,$20,DNT
RPT   CLR#CTAB
RJ    LDX
ABX
LDAA  0,X
CMPA KEY
BEQ   PJ
CMPA LAST
BEQ   DNT
ADD#  #4
BRA   RJ
PJ    BSET  STAT,$20
JSR   1,X
JMP   P5170
*****
```

* Execute key.

```

429 ****
430 *
431 *      Keyboard jump table.
432 *
433 ****
434
435 00000325 11
436 00000326 >7e0000
437 00000329 21
438 0000032a >7e0000
439 0000032d 22
440 0000032e >7e0000
441 00000331 24
442 00000332 >7e0000
443 00000335 31
444 00000336 >7e0000
445 00000339 32
446 0000033a >7e0000
447 0000033d 34
448 0000033e >7e0000
449 00000341 41
450 00000342 >7e0000
451 00000345 42
452 00000346 >7e0000
453 00000349 44
454 0000034a >7e0000
455 0000034d 48
456 0000034e >7e0000
457 00000351 38
458 00000352 >7e0000
459 00000355 18
460 00000356 >7e0000
461 00000359 14
462 0000035a >7e0000
463 0000035d 12
464 0000035e >7e0000
465 00000361 52
466 00000362 >7e0000
467 00000365 54
468 00000366 >7e0000
469 00000369 58
470 0000036a >7e0000
471 0000036d 61
472 0000036e >7e0000
473 00000371 62
474 00000372 >7e0000
475 00000375 64
476 00000376 >7e0000
477 00000379 51
478 0000037a >7e0000
479 0000037d 68
480 0000037e >7e0000
481 ****
482 *
483 *
484 *      Alarm key.
485 *
486 ****
487
488 00000381 >1300080e
489 00000385 >13001005
490 00000389 >150010
491 0000038c 200b
492 0000038e >1400010
493 00000391 2006
494
495 00000393 >bd0000
496 00000396 >140008
497 00000399 >150020
498 0000039c 8619
499 0000039e >9700
500 000003a0 >140001
501 000003a3 39
502
503 ****
504 *
505 *      On/Off key.
506 *
507 ****
508
509 000003a4 >bd0000
510 000003a7 >150082
511 000003aa >150040
512
513 000003ad 181f08200c
514 000003b2 181d0820
515 000003b6 >bd0000
516 000003b9 181d0010
517 000003bd 39
518 000003be 181c0820
519 000003c2 181c0010
520 000003c6 39
521
522 ****
523 *
524 *      PS name clear.
525 *
526 ****
527
528 000003c7 >ce0000
529 000003ca 86ff
530 000003cc a700
531 000003ce 08
532 000003cf >8c0008
533 000003d2 26f8
534 000003d4 39

```

CTAB FCB \$11 0
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$21 1
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$22 2
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$24 3
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$31 4
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$32 5
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$34 6
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$41 7
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$42 8
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$44 9
 JMP DIGIT
 FCB \$48 ALARM
 JMP S38 STORE/SET
 JMP SAVE
 FCB \$18 ON/OFF
 JMP S14 CLEAR/STEP
 FCB \$12 MODE (PROG./FREQ.)
 JMP S52 SLEEP TIMER START
 JMP SLEEP
 FCB \$54 DEC. PROG./FREQ./CHAR.
 JMP PDEC
 FCB \$58 INC. PROG./FREQ./CHAR.
 JMP PINC
 FCB \$61 RDS DISPLAYS
 JMP RTDSP
 FCB \$62 TRAFFIC ENABLE (TOGGLE)
 JMP TPEN
 FCB \$64 MW STEP 9/10kHz (TOGGLE)
 JMP T910
 FCB \$51 COLON CONTROL
 JMP TFCC
 LAST FCB \$68 TA TEST
 JMP TEST

ALARM BRCLR STAT4,\$08,ADON ALARM DISPLAY ON ?
 BRCLR STAT4,\$10,ALOF YES, ALARM ON ?
 BCLR STAT4,\$10 YES, SWITCH OFF
 BRA UDCNT
 ALOF BSET STAT4,\$10 NO, SWITCH ON
 BRA UDCNT

ADON JSR CLTR NO, ENABLE ALARM DISPLAY
 BSET STAT4,\$08 ALARM DISPLAY FLAG
 UDCNT BCLR STAT4,\$20 CANCEL SET-UP
 LDAA #25 3 SECONDS TIMEOUT
 STAA DIST
 BSET STAT4,\$01 SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
 ABOA RTS

ONOFF JSR CLTR CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS
 BCLR STAT4,\$82 CANCEL SLEEP TIMER & TA SWITCH FLAG
 BCLR STAT5,\$40 CANCEL STORE MODE

SODM BRCLR PORTD,Y,\$20,ALRON ON ?
 BCLR PORTD,Y,\$20 NO, SWITCH ON
 JSR DEL500 WAIT 500ms
 BCLR PORTA,Y,\$10 AND DEMUTE

ALRON BSET PORTD,Y,\$20 YES, SWITCH OFF
 BSET PORTA,Y,\$10 AND MUTE
 RTS

PSC LDX #PSN
 CPSL LDAA #\$FF
 CPSL STAA 0,X
 CPSL INX
 CPSL CPX #PSN+8
 CPSL BNE CPSL
 CPSL RTS

```

536      ****
537      *          TP.          *
538      *          *          *
539      *          *          *
540      ****
541
542 000003d5 181e08200f      TPEN  BRSET  PORTD,Y,$20,HIGH   STANDBY ?
543 000003da >1200010c      BRSET  STAT,$01,NS1    NO, NORMAL MODE ?
544 000003de >12002004      BRSET  STAT5,$20,TAEH   NO, FREQ. MODE, NVM DISSABLE FLAG SET ?
545 000003e2 >140020      BSET   STAT5,$20
546 000003e5 39             RTS
547 000003e6 >150020      TAEH   BCCLR  STAT5,$20   YES, CLEAR IT
548 000003e9 39             HIGH   RTS
549
550 000003ea >13000404      NS1   BRCLR  STAT4,$04,TPOF   NORMAL MODE, TRAFFIC ON ?
551 000003ee >150004      BCCLR  STAT4,$04   YES, DISSABLE
552 000003f1 39             RTS
553 000003f2 >140004      TPOF   BSSET  STAT4,$04   NO, ENABLE
554 000003f5 39             RTS
555
556      ****
557      *          *
558      *          Sleep timer.  *
559      *          *
560      ****
561
562
563 000003f6 >12000413      SLEEP  BRSET  STAT5,$04,DECS   ALREADY SLEEP DISPLAY ?
564 000003fa >12000207      BRSET  STAT4,$02,STR   NO, SLEEP TIMER ALREADY RUNNING ?
565 000003fe 863c            INSLP  LDAA   #60        NO, INITIALISE SLEEP TIMER
566 00000400 >9700           SLEP   STAA   SLEPT
567 00000402 >140002           BSET   STAT4,$02
568 00000405 >bd0000           STR   JSR    CLTR
569 00000408 >140004           BSET   STAT5,$04
570 0000040b 2008            BRA    SLPTOK
571 0000040d >9600            DECS   LDAA   SLEPT
572 0000040f 8005            SUBA   #5
573 00000411 >9700            STAA   SLEPT
574 00000413 2be9            BMI    INSLP
575
576 00000415 8619            SLPTOK LDAA   #25
577 00000417 >9700            STAA   DIST
578 00000419 >140001           BSET   STAT4,$01
579 0000041c 181e082091      BRSET  PORTD,Y,$20,SODM   START DISPLAY TRANSIENT
580 00000421 181d0010      BCCLR  PORTA,Y,$10   ALREADY ON ?
581 00000425 39             RTS
582
583
584
585
586
587
588
589 00000426 181e082045      DIGIT  BRSET  PORTD,Y,$20,AB03   STANDBY ?
590 0000042b >bd0000           JSR   CLTR
591 0000042e 54             LSRB
592 0000042f 54             LSRB
593 00000430 >12000128           BRSET  STAT,$01,SKP
594 00000434 >12004024           BRSET  STAT5,$40,SKP
595 00000438 >140010           BSET   STAT5,$10
596 0000043b >150020           BCCLR  STAT5,$20
597 0000043e >d700           STAB   W3
598 00000440 >13000406           BRCLR  STAT,$04,SHIFT
599 00000444 >150004           BCCLR  STAT,$04
600 00000447 >bd0000           JSR   CLQ
601 0000044a 8d1a            SHIFT  BSR    DRI
602 0000044c >de00           LDX    W1
603 0000044e a601            AGS   LDAA   1,X
604 00000450 a700            STAA   0,X
605 00000452 08             INX
606 00000453 >9c00           CPX    W2
607 00000455 26f7            BNE    AGS
608 00000457 >9600           LDAA   W3
609 00000459 a700            STAA   0,X
610 0000045b 39             RTS
611
612 0000045c 181c0010           SKP   BSET  PORTA,Y,$10   MUTE
613 00000460 17             TBA
614 00000461 >9700            STAA   LED
615 00000463 >7e0000           JMP   RETUNE
616
617
618
619
620
621
622
623 00000466 >ce0000           DR1   LDX   #RQ
624 00000469 >df00           STX   W1
625 0000046b c605            LDAB   #5
626 0000046d 3a             ABX
627 0000046e >df00           STX   W2
628 00000470 39             ABO3  RTS
629
630 00000471 ce00ff           DEL500 LDX   #255
631 00000474 >bd0000           JSR   SKDB
632 00000477 ce00ff           LDX   #255
633 0000047a >7e0000           JMP   SKDB

```

```

635 ****
636 *
637 * Increment key (& knob). *
638 *
639 ****
640
641 0000047d >12002024 PINC2 BRSET STAT4,S20,ALSU1 ALARM SET-UP ?
642 00000481 >12000810 BRSET STAT4,S08,TOG57J NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
643 0000048a 181e082048 BRSET PORTD,Y,S20,DMI NO, STANDBY ?
644 0000048a >d600 LDAB PSNP
645 0000048c 2649 BNE PSNO
646 0000048e >7e0000 JMP UP NO, PS EDIT MODE ?
647
648 00000491 >12002010 PINC BRSET STAT4,S20,ALSU1 ALARM SET-UP ?
649 00000495 >1200087e TOG57J BRSET STAT4,S08,TOG57 NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
650 00000499 181e082034 BRSET PORTD,Y,S20,DMI NO, STANDBY ?
651 0000049e >12000131 BRSET STAT,S01,NACS NO, FREQ. MODE ?
652 000004a2 >7e0000 JMP UP YES, STEP UP
653
654
655
656 * Alarm inc. (hours/minutes). *
657
658 ****
659
660 000004a5 >12004010 ALSU1 BRSET STAT4,S40,IHR YES, SET-UP HOURS ?
661 000004a9 >9600 LDAA AMIN NO, MINUTES
662 000004ab 813b CMPA #59
663 000004ad 2405 BHS TOOH
664 000004af >7c0000 INC AMIN
665 000004b2 2013 BRA TSS
666 000004b4 >7f0000 TOOH CLR AMIN
667 000004b7 200e BRA TSS
668 000004b9 >9600 IHR LDAA AOUR
669 000004bb 8117 CMPA #23
670 000004bd 2505 BLO HTOH
671 000004bf >7f0000 CLR AOUR
672 000004c2 2003 BRA TSS
673 000004c4 >7c0000 HTOH INC AOUR
674 000004c7 8650 TSS LDAA #80 10 SECOND TIMEOUT
675 000004c9 >9700 STAA DIST
676 000004cb >140001 BSET STAT4,S01 SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
677 000004ce 181d0010 BCLR PORTA,Y,S10 DEMOTE
678 000004d2 39 DMI RTS
679
680 000004d3 >d600 NACS LDAB PSNP
681 000004d5 2752 BEQ CONTI NO, PS EDIT MODE ?
682
683 ****
684 *
685 * P-S Edit inc. (ASCII) and 5/7 day toggle. *
686
687
688 ****
689 000004d7 >ceffff PSN0 LDX #PSN-1
690 000004da 3a ABX
691 000004db a600 LDAA 0,X YES
692 000004dd 4c INCA INCREMENT ASCII VALUE
693 000004de 8120 CMPA #S20 SPACE
694 000004e0 231c BLS MAK20 LESS OR EQUAL ?
695 000004e2 812e CMPA #S2E NO, -
696 000004e4 231c BLS MAK2E LESS OR EQUAL ?
697 000004e6 8130 CMPA #S30 NO, 0
698 000004e8 251c BLO MAK30 LESS ?
699 000004ea 8139 CMPA #S39 NO, 9
700 000004ec 2322 BLS CNTB LESS OR EQUAL ?
701 000004ee 8141 CMPA #S41 NO, A
702 000004f0 2518 BLO MAK41 LESS ?
703 000004f2 815a CMPA #S5A NO, Z
704 000004f4 231a BLS CNTB LESS OR EQUAL ?
705 000004f6 8161 CMPA #S61 NO, a
706 000004f8 2514 BLO MAK61 LESS ?
707 000004fa 817a CMPA #STA NO, z
708 000004fc 2312 BLS CNTB LESS OR EQUAL ?
709 000004fe 8620 MAK20 LDAA #S20 MAKE SPACE
710 00000500 200e BRA CNTB
711 00000502 862e MAK2E LDAA #S2E MAKE .
712 00000504 200a BRA CNTB
713 00000506 8630 MAK30 LDAA #S30 MAKE 0
714 00000508 2006 BRA CNTB
715 0000050a 8641 MAK41 LDAA #S41 MAKE A
716 0000050c 2002 BRA CNTB
717 0000050e 8661 MAK61 LDAA #S61 MAKE a
718 00000510 a700 CNTB STA 0,X
719 00000512 8650 LDAA #80
720 00000514 >7e0000 JMP OUTCH
721
722 00000517 >130010b7 TOG57 BRCLR STAT4,S10,DMI ALARM ARMED ?
723 0000051b >13008005 BRCLR STAT5,S80,A7 YES, 7-DAY ALARM ?
724 0000051f >150080 BRA TSS NO, MAKE IT 7 DAY
725 00000522 20a3
726 00000524 >1400080 A7 BSET STAT5,S80 YES, MAKE IT 5 DAY
727 00000527 209e BRA TSS
728
729
730
731 * Program number increment. *
732
733
734 ****
735 00000529 181c0010 CONTI BSET PORTA,Y,S10 MUTE
736 0000052d >140008 BSET STAT2,S08 PROG. NO. INCREMENT, UPDATE DISPLAY
737 00000530 >9600 LDAA LED
738 00000532 >12008006 BRSET STAT2,S80,IOK IF SWITCHED TO TA DON'T INCREMENT
739 00000536 4c INC A
740 00000537 8109 CMPA #9 NEXT PROG.
741 00000539 2301 BLS IOK TOO HIGH ?
742 0000053b 4f CLRA
743 0000053c >9700 IOK STA LED YES, BACK TO ZERO
744 0000053e >7e0000 JMP RETUNE

```

```

746 ***** * * * * *
747 * * Decrement key (& knob). *
748 * * * * *
749 * * * * *
750 * * * * *
751 * * * * *
752 00000541 >12002024 PDEC2 BRSET STAT4,$20,ALSU2 ALARM SET-UP ?
753 00000545 >120008ce BRSET STAT4,$08,TOG57 NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
754 00000549 181e082046 BRSET PORTD,Y,$20,DMD NO, STANDBY ?
755 0000054e >d600 LDAB PSNP
756 00000550 2647 BNE PSN1 NO, PS EDIT MODE ?
757 00000552 >7e0000 JMP DOWN NO, STEP DOWN
758 * * * * *
759 00000555 >12002010 PDEC BRSET STAT4,$20,ALSU2 ALARM SET-UP ?
760 00000559 >120008ba BRSET STAT4,$08,TOG57 NO, ALARM DISPLAY ?
761 0000055d 181e082032 BRSET PORTD,Y,$20,DMD NO, STANDBY ?
762 00000562 >1200012f BRSET STAT4,$01,NACS2 NO, FREQ. MODE ?
763 00000566 >7e0000 JMP DOWN YES, STEP DOWN
764 * * * * *
765 * * * * *
766 * * * * *
767 * * Alarm dec. (hours/minutes). *
768 * * * * *
769 * * * * *
770 * * * * *
771 00000569 >12004010 ALSU2 BRSET STAT4,$40,IHRD YES, SET-UP HOURS ?
772 0000056d >7d0000 TST AMIN NO, MINUTES
773 00000570 2705 BEQ M2
774 00000572 >7a0000 DEC AMIN
775 00000575 2012 BRA TS5D
776 00000577 863b MZ LDAA #59
777 00000579 >9700 STAA AMIN
778 0000057b 200c BRA TS5D
779 0000057d >7d0000 IHRD TST ACUR
780 00000580 2604 BNE HZ
781 00000582 8618 LDAA #24
782 00000584 >9700 STAA ACUR
783 00000586 >7a0000 HZ DEC ACUR
784 00000589 8650 TSSD LDAA #80 10 SECOND TIMEOUT
785 0000058b >9700 STAA DIST
786 0000058d >140001 BSET STAT4,$01 SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
787 00000590 181d0010 BCLR PORTA,Y,$10 DEMUTE
788 00000594 39 DMD RTS
789 * * * * *
790 00000595 >d600 NACS2 LDAB PSNP PS EDIT CHARACTER CHANGE ?
791 00000597 2746 BEQ CONTD
792 * * * * *
793 * * * * *
794 * * * * *
795 * * P-S Edit dec. (ASCII). *
796 * * * * *
797 * * * * *
798 * * * * *
799 00000599 >cfffff PSN1 LDX #PSN-1
800 0000059c 3a ABX
801 0000059d a600 LDAA 0,X YES
802 0000059f 4a DECA DCREMENT ASCII VALUE
803 000005a0 8120 CMPA #$20 SPACE
804 000005a2 2328 BLS MKE7A LESS OR EQUAL ?
805 000005a4 812e CMPA #$2E NO,
806 000005a6 2318 BLS MKE20 LESS OR EQUAL ?
807 000005a8 8130 CMPA #$30 NO, 0
808 000005aa 2518 BLO MKE2E LESS ?
809 000005ac 8139 CMPA #$39 NO, 9
810 000005ad 2322 BLS CNTS LESS EQUAL ?
811 000005b0 8141 CMPA #$41 NO, A
812 000005b2 251c BLO MKE39 LESS ?
813 000005b4 815a CMPA #$5A NO, Z
814 000005b6 231a BLS CNTS LESS OR EQUAL ?
815 000005b8 8161 CMPA #$61 NO, a
816 000005ba 250c BLO MKE5A LESS ?
817 000005bc 817a CMPA #$7A NO, z
818 000005be 2312 BLS CNTS LESS OR EQUAL ?
819 000005c0 8620 MKE20 LDAA #$20 MAKE SPACE
820 000005c2 200e BRA CNTS
821 000005c4 862e MKE2E LDAA #$2E MAKE .
822 000005c6 200a BRA CNTS
823 000005c8 865a MKE5A LDAA #$5A MAKE Z
824 000005ca 2006 BRA CNTS
825 000005cc 867a MKE7A LDAA #$7A MAKE z
826 000005ce 2002 BRA CNTS
827 000005d0 8639 MKE39 LDAA #$39 MAKE A
828 000005d2 a700 CNTS STAA 0,X
829 000005d4 8650 LDAA #80
830 * * * * *
831 000005d6 >9700 OUTCH STAA DIST SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
832 000005d8 >140001 BSET STAT4,$01 NOT ALARM DISPLAY MODE
833 000005db >150008 BCLR STAT4,$08
834 000005de 39 RTS
835 * * * * *

```

```

836
837
838
839
840
841
842 000005df 181c0010
843 000005e3 >9600
844 000005e5 >12008007
845 000005e9 4a
846 000005ea 2a02
847 000005ec 8609
848 000005ee >9700
849 000005f0 36
850 000005f1 c678
851 000005f3 >bd0000
852 000005f6 32
853 000005f7 >13008008
854 000005fb >150080
855 000005fe 8609
856 00000600 >9700
857 00000602 39
858
859 00000603 >bd0000
860 00000606 >bd0000
861 00000609 ce0040
862 0000060c >bd0000
863 0000060f 181d0010
864 00000613 >150002
865 00000616 >150001
866 00000619 >150010
867 0000061c 39
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917
918 0000061d c60a
919 0000061f 3d
920 00000620 cb5c
921 00000622 >d700
922 00000624 8926
923 00000626 >9701
924 00000628 >7e0000
925
926
927
928
929
930
931
932 0000062b 5f
933 0000062c cb0a
934 0000062e >bd0000
935 00000631 5c
936 00000632 >9100
937 00000634 261f
938 00000636 5a
939 00000637 >bd0000
940 0000063a >9101
941 0000063c 2617
942 0000063e c00c
943 00000640 >bd0000
944 00000643 36
945 00000644 8480
946 00000646 2704
947 00000648 8608
948 0000064a 2010
949 0000064c 32
950 0000064d >9701
951 0000064f >bd0000
952 00000652 >7e0000
953
954 00000655 c1fc
955 00000657 25d3
956 00000659 36
957 0000065a 8607
958 0000065c >9700
959 0000065e 32
960 0000065f >150080
961 00000662 39
962
963
964
965
966
967
968
969 00000663 >120080c4
970 00000667 c60c
971 00000669 3d
972 0000066a >12004003
973 0000066e >7e0000
974
975
976
977
978
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999
*****  

* * Program number decrement. *
* * *****  

CONTD BSET PORTA,Y,$10 MUTE
LDAA LED PROG. NO. DECREMENT
BRSET STAT2,$80,RETUNE IF SWITCHED TO TA DON'T DECREMENT
PNM1 DECA SK2P DECREMENT PROGRAM NUMBER
BPL #9 TOO FAR ?
LDAA #9
SK2P STAAB LED SAVE NEW PROGRAM NUMBER
PSHA RETUNE LDAB #120 CHANGE PROGRAM NUMBER IN NVM
JSR WRITE1
FULA BRCRLR STAT4,$80,RETUNE2 TA SWITCHED ?
BCLR STAT4,$80 YES, MANUAL RETURN FROM TA
LDAA #9
STAAB REARET
RTS
RETUNE2 JSR DOIT NEW PROGRAM
JSR P5170
LDX #64 WAIT 100ms
JSR SKDB
BCLR PORTA,Y,$10 DEMUTE
BCLR STAT2,$02 KILL ANY PENDING RDS GROUP
BCLR STAT3,$01 AND INHIBIT FM PS-NAME CLEARING
BCLR STAT,$10 RE-ENABLE RDS DATA CLEARING
RTS
FOK LDAB #10
MUL
ADD# $55C
STAB SMEN
ADCA #$26
STAAB SMEN+1
JMP NEW
*****  

* * Tune to TA (using EEPROM data). *
* * *****  

TASW CLRBB
TPIC ADDB #10 FIND PI
JSR READ1
INCBB
CMPA PION
BNE TNP MSB OK ?
DECB
JSR READ1
CMPA PION+1
BNE TNP LSB OK ?
SUBB #12 YES, FOUND IT
JSR READ1
PSHA ANDA #$80 NVM INHIBIT FLAG SET ?
BEQ TASOK
LDAA #8 NVM INHIBIT MESSAGE
BRA ABTA
TASOK PULA
STAAB SMEN+1
JSR NEWSUB2
JMP NEW
TRY NEXT RECORD
TNP CMPB #252
BLO TPIC
PSHA
LDAA #7
ABTA STAAB REARET
PULA
BCLR STAT4,$80 PI MATCH NOT FOUND, FORGET IT
RTS
RTS
*****  

* * Program store/recall. *
* * *****  

DOIT BRSET STAT2,$80,TASW
LDAB #12
MUL
BRSET STAT5,$40,STORE
JMP RECALL

```



```

1075
1076
1077 * NVM read & write one byte.
1078
1079
1080
1081 00000756 >bd0000
1082 00000759 a600
1083 0000075b 5c
1084 0000075e 39
1085
1086 0000075d 18ce1000
1087 00000761 181c3b16
1088 00000765 8d08
1089 00000767 >bd0000
1090 0000076a 181c3b02
1091 0000076e 5a
1092
1093 0000076f >bd0000
1094 00000772 a700
1095 00000774 181c3b01
1096 00000778 >bd0000
1097 0000077b 186f3b
1098 0000077e 5c
1099 0000077f 39
1100
1101 00000780 36
1102 00000781 37
1103 00000782 >bd0000
1104 00000785 ceb618
1105 00000788 17
1106 00000789 8101
1107 0000078b 230e
1108 0000078d c67a
1109 0000078f 3a
1110 00000790 8102
1111 00000792 2707
1112 00000794 3a
1113 00000795 181f0a4001
1114 0000079a 3a
1115 0000079b
1116 *
1117 *
1118 *
1119 0000079b 33
1120 0000079c 32
1121 0000079d 3a
1122 0000079e 39
1123
1124
1125
1126 * RDS displays.
1127
1128
1129
1130 0000079f 181e08207c
1131 000007a4 >12000204
1132 000007a8 >13000414
1133
1134 000007ac >140002
1135 000007af >9600
1136 000007b1 4c
1137 000007b2 811a
1138 000007b4 270a
1139 000007b6 >9700
1140 000007b8 8664
1141 000007ba >9700
1142 000007bc >140001
1143 000007bf 39
1144
1145 000007c0 >bd0000
1146 000007c3 >140004
1147 000007c6 8609
1148 000007c8 >9700
1149 000007ca 8601
1150 000007cc >9700
1151 000007ce 39
***** READ1 JSR GETAD
      LDAA 0.X
      INCB
      RTS
***** WRITE1 LDY #$1000
      BSSET PPROG,Y,$16      SET EELAT, ERASE & BYTE ERASE BITS
      BSR WBYTE               ERASE BYTE
      JSR DBOUNC              WAIT 15 ms
      BSSET PPROG,Y,S02        SET EELAT TO WRITE BYTE
      DECB
***** WBYTE JSR GETAD
      STAA 0.X                 LATCH DATA
      BSSET PPROG,Y,S01        SET EEPROM BIT TO START PROGRAMMING
      JSR DBOUNC              WAIT 15 ms
      CLR PPROG,Y
      INCB
      RTS
***** GETAD PSHA
      PSIB
      JSR BAND                GET BAND
      LDX #$B618               EEPROM START ADDRESS
      TBA
      CMPA #1
      BLS FMB
      LDAB #122
      ABX
      CMPA #2
      BEQ FMB
      ABX
      ABX,Y,S40,SWB2          NO, SW
      ABX                         SECOND BANK ?
      ABX                         YES
***** SWB2 BRCCLR PORTE,Y,S80,FMB      SECOND PAIR OF BANKS ?
      PULB
      PULA
      ABX
      RTS
***** FMB
***** NOTRT BSSET PORTD,Y,S20,SRT      STANDBY ?
      BSSET STAT5,S02,NOTRT    ALREADY RDS DISPLAY ?
      BRCCLR STAT2,S04,NORT   ALREADY RT DISPLAY ?
***** NOTRT BSSET STAT5,S02      SET RDS DISPLAY FLAG
      LDAA RTDIS               YES, MOVE ON
      INCA
      CMPA #26
      BEQ NORT
      STA RTDIS
      LDAA #100
      STA DIST
      BSSET STAT4,S01          RE-START TRANSIENT TIMEOUT
      RTS
***** NORT JSR CLTR
      BSSET STAT2,S04          SET RT DISPLAY FLAG
      LDAA #9
      STA DISP1
      LDAA #1
      STA DISP2
      RTS

```

```

1153 *****  

1154 * Increment and decrement routines.  

1155 *  

1156 *  

1157 *  

1158 *****  

1159 000007cf 8d28  

1160 000007d1 >7c0000  

1161 000007d4 2603  

1162 000007d6 >7c0001  

1163 000007d9 5a  

1164 000007da 26f5  

1165 000007dc 2010  

1166  

1167 000007de 8d19  

1168 000007e0 >7d0000  

1169 000007e3 2603  

1170 000007e5 >7a0001  

1171 000007e8 >7a0000  

1172 000007eb 5a  

1173 000007ec 26f2  

1174 000007ee >bd0000  

1175 000007f1 >bd0000  

1176 000007f4 181e0010  

1177 000007f8 39  

1178  

1179 000007f9 >13000805  

1180 000007fd >140040  

1181 00000800 2003  

1182 00000802 >140001  

1183 00000805 >bd0000  

1184 00000808 17  

1185 00000809 c601  

1186 0000080b >13000211  

1187 0000080f 8103  

1188 00000811 270d  

1189 00000813 c605  

1190 00000815 8102  

1191 00000817 2607  

1192 00000819 c609  

1193 0000081b >13004001  

1194 0000081f 5c  

1195 00000820 39  

1196 *****  

1197 *  

1198 * TA test.  

1199 *  

1200 *  

1201 *  

1202 *****  

1203 00000821 181e08200d  

1204 00000826 ccc5b1  

1205 00000829 >dd00  

1206 0000082b >12000405  

1207 0000082c 8601  

1208 00000831 >9700  

1209 00000833 39  

1210 00000834 >140080  

1211 00000837 39  

1212 *****  

1213 *  

1214 * Store key.  

1215 *  

1216 *  

1217 *  

1218 *****  

1219 00000838 >1300081d  

1220 0000083c >1301049  

1221 00000840 >12002007  

1222 00000844 >140060  

1223 00000847 8650  

1224 00000849 2039  

1225 0000084b >12004005  

1226 0000084c >150020  

1227 00000852 20f3  

1228 00000854 >150040  

1229 00000857 20ee  

1230  

1231 00000859 181e08202b  

1232 0000085e >1200101d  

1233 00000862 >12004004  

1234 00000866 >140040  

1235 00000869 39  

1236  

1237 0000086a >9600  

1238 0000086c >7e0000  

1239  

1240 0000086f >9600  

1241 00000871 2603  

1242 00000873 >bd0000  

1243 00000875 >7c0000  

1244 00000875 >9600  

1245 0000087b 8108  

1246 0000087d 2303  

1247 0000087f >7f0000  

1248 00000882 8650  

1249 00000884 >9700  

1250 00000886 >140001  

1251 00000889 39  

TEST   BRSET  PORTD,Y,$20,AOB    STANDBY ?  

       LDD    #$C5B1          CLYDE 1  

       STD    PION  

       BRSET  STAT4,$04,NABT    TA SWITCHING ENABLED ?  

       LDAA   #1              NO, SET RETURN REASON  

       STAA   REARET  

AOB    RTS  

NABT   BSET  STAT4,$80    YES, DO IT  

       RTS  

*****  

1219 00000838 >1300081d  

1220 0000083c >1301049  

1221 00000840 >12002007  

1222 00000844 >140060  

1223 00000847 8650  

1224 00000849 2039  

1225 0000084b >12004005  

1226 0000084c >150020  

1227 00000852 20f3  

1228 00000854 >150040  

1229 00000857 20ee  

1230  

1231 00000859 181e08202b  

1232 0000085e >1200101d  

1233 00000862 >12004004  

1234 00000866 >140040  

1235 00000869 39  

1236  

1237 0000086a >9600  

1238 0000086c >7e0000  

1239  

1240 0000086f >9600  

1241 00000871 2603  

1242 00000873 >bd0000  

1243 00000875 >7c0000  

1244 00000875 >9600  

1245 0000087b 8108  

1246 0000087d 2303  

1247 0000087f >7f0000  

1248 00000882 8650  

1249 00000884 >9700  

1250 00000886 >140001  

1251 00000889 39  

NAME   BRSET  PORTD,Y,$20,NTB2    STANDBY ?  

       BRSET  STAT,$01,NFM    NO, FREQUENCY MODE ?  

       BRSET  STAT,$40,ASM    YES, STORE MODE ?  

       BSET   STAT,$40          NO, ENTER STORE MODE  

       RTS  

ASM    LDAA   LED  

       JMP    DOIT             SAVE  

NFM    LDAA   PSNP  

       BNE   SKPCLR  

       JSR    CLTR  

       INC    PSNP  

SKPCLR INC    PSNP  

       LDAA   PSNP  

       CMPA   #8  

       BLS    NTB3  

       CLR    PSNP  

NTB3   LDAA   #80  

       SDT    STAA  

       BSET   STAT4,$01          SET DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG  

       RTS

```


1341
 1342
 1343 * Mode change & clear routines.
 1344
 1345
 1346 *****
 1347 00000933 181e08205a MODE BRSET PORTD,Y,\$20,CLP STANDBY ?
 1348 00000938 >bd0000 JSR CLTR
 1349 0000093b >bd0000 JSR PROG SEND DISPLAYED FREQUENCY
 1350 0000093e >13000104 SKIP BRCLR STAT,S01,SK FREQUENCY MODE ?
 1351 00000942 >150001 BCLR STAT,S01 NO, SET TO FREQUENCY MODE
 1352 00000945 39 RTS*****
 1353
 1354 00000946 >150040 SK BCLR STAT5,S40 FREQ. MODE, CLEAR STORE MODE
 1355 00000949 >1300101b BCLR STAT5,S10,NNTR NEW FREQUENCY ENTERED ?
 1356 0000094d 181e0010 BSET PORTA,Y,\$10 YES, MUTE
 1357 00000951 >bd0000 JSR DBNC WAIT 15ms
 1358 00000954 >bd0000 JSR PS170
 1359 00000957 ce0040 LDX #64
 1360 0000095a >bd0000 JSR SKDB
 1361 0000095d 181d0010 BCLR PORTA,Y,\$10 DE-MUTE
 1362 00000961 >150002 BCLR STAT2,S02 AND KILL ANY PENDING RDS GROUP
 1363 00000964 >150010 BCLR STAT5,S10 CLEAR RETUNE FLAG
 1364 00000967 39 RTS*****
 1365 00000968 >140001 NNTR BSET STAT,S01 NO, RETURN TO STATION MODE
 1366 0000096b >150040 BCLR STAT5,S40 CANCEL STORE MODE
 1367 0000096e 39 RTS*****
 1368
 1369 0000096f 181e08201e CLEAR BRSET PORTD,Y,\$20,CLP STANDBY ?
 1370 00000974 >12000105 BRSET STAT,S01,SM NO, STATION MODE ?
 1371 00000978 >140010 BSET STAT5,S10 FREQUENCY CHANGED
 1372 0000097b 8d16 CLAL BSR CLQ NC, CLEAR Q
 1373 0000097d >9600 SM LDAA FSNP
 1374 0000097f 2703 BEQ SPC
 1375 00000981 >bd0000 JSR FSC
 1376 00000984 >bd0000 SPCC JSR CLTR CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENTS
 1377 00000987 >12000204 BRSET STAT,S02,KHZ 9 (MW), 50 (FM) KHz STEPS
 1378 0000098b >140002 BSET STAT,S02 1 (MW), 10 (FM) KHz STEPS
 1379 0000098e 39 RTS*****
 1380 0000098f >150002 KHZ BCLR STAT,S02
 1381 00000992 39 CLP RTS 1 (MW), 10 (FM) KHz STEPS
 1382
 1383 00000993 >ce0000 CLR LDX #RQ CLEAR RQ
 1384 00000996 8606 CLRAS LDAA #06 CLEAR 6 BYTES
 1385 00000998 >9700 STAA COUNT STARTING AT X
 1386 0000099a 6f00 CR CLR 0,X
 1387 0000099c 08 INX COUNT
 1388 0000099d >7a0000 DEC BNE CR DONE ?
 1389 000009a0 26f8
 1390 000009a2 39 RTS*****
 1391
 1392 000009a3 >150001 CLTR BCLR STAT4,S01 CLEAR DISPLAY TRANSIENT FLAG
 1393 000009a6 >150004 CLTR2 BCLR STAT2,S04 CANCEL RT DISPLAY
 1394 000009a9 >7f0000 CLR RTDIS
 1395 000009ac >150028 BCLR STAT4,S28 NOT ALARM (DISPLAY OR SET-UP)
 1396 000009af >150006 BCLR STAT5,S06 NOT RT OR SLEEP DISPLAY
 1397 000009b2 >7f0000 CLR PSNP NOT PS-EDIT
 1398 000009b5 39 RTS*****
 1399
 1400 *****
 1401 *
 1402 * BCD to binary conversion. No. in "RQ" is
 1403 * converted to binary in SMEM & SMEM+1.
 1404 *
 1405 *
 1406 *****
 1407 000009b6 >7f0000 BCN CLR SMEM CLEAR WORKING
 1408 000009b9 >7f0001 CLR SMEM+1 FREQUENCY LOCATIONS
 1409 000009bc ce0000 LDAA #0
 1410 000009bf >9600 L2 LDAA SMEM LS BYTE
 1411 000009c1 48 LSLA W1 2xLSB
 1412 000009c2 >9700 STAA SMEM+1 SAVE 2xLSB
 1413 000009c4 >790001 ROL SMEM+1 2xMSB
 1414 000009c7 >9601 LDAA SMEM+1 SAVE 2xMSB
 1415 000009c9 >9700 STAA W2 4xLSB
 1416 000009cb >9600 LSLA W1 4xMSB
 1417 000009cd 48 ROL SMEM+1 8xLSB
 1418 000009ce >790001 ROL SMEM+1 8xMSB
 1419 000009d1 48 LSLA W2 10xLSB
 1420 000009d2 >790001 ROL SMEM+1 ADDA W1
 1421 000009d5 >9b00 ADDA SMEM
 1422 000009d7 >9700 STAA SMEM
 1423 000009d9 >9601 LDAA SMEM+1 ADDCA W2
 1424 000009db >9900 ADCA SMEM+1 10xMSB
 1425 000009dd >9701 STAA SMEM+1 INX
 1426 000009df 08 ROL SMEM+1 FETCH
 1427 000009e0 >a600 LDAA RQ,X NEXT
 1428 000009e2 >9b00 ADDA SMEM DIGIT
 1429 000009e4 >9700 STAA SMEM AND
 1430 000009e6 8600 LDAA #0 (CLRA CLEARS THE C BIT)
 1431 000009e8 >9901 ADDCA SMEM+1 ADD IT TO WORKING
 1432 000009ea >9701 STAA SMEM+1 FREQUENCY
 1433 000009ec 8c0005 CPX #5 DONE ?
 1434 000009ef 26ce BNE L2
 1435 000009f1 39 RTS*****
 1436
 1437 *
 1438 * Clear NVM - not used.
 1439 *
 1440 *
 1441 *
 1442 *
 1443 000009f2 >7f0000 CLRNVM CLR COUNT
 1444 000009f5 86ff CLOP LDAA #SFF
 1445 000009f7 >d600 LDAB COUNT
 1446 000009f9 >bd0000 JSR WRITE1
 1447 000009fc >7c0000 INC COUNT
 1448 000009ff 26f4 BNE CLOP
 1449 00000a01 4f CLRA
 1450 00000a02 c678 LDAB #120 CLEAR MAX. PROG. NO.
 1451 00000a04 >7e0000 JMP WRITE1

```

1453 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1454 * Addition and subtraction of BCD numbers. * *
1455 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1456
1457
1458
1459 00000a07 >df00 SUB STX W5 ANSWER POINTER
1460 00000a09 >de00 COM2 LDX NUM2 9S COMPLIMENT
1461 00000a0b c606 COMP LDAB #$06 SECOND NUMBER
1462 00000a0d 8609 LOOP3 LDAA #$09
1463 00000a0f a005 SUBA 5,X
1464 00000a11 a705 STA 5,X SUBTRACT FROM 9
1465 00000a13 09 DEX AND PUT IT BACK
1466 00000a14 5a DECB
1467 00000a15 26f6 BNE LOOP3
1468 00000a17 >7f0000 CLR CARRY SET CARRY TO ONE
1469 00000a1a >7c0000 INC CARRY BEFORE ADDING
1470 00000a1d 2005 BRA AD ADD FIRST NUMBER
1471
1472 00000a1f >7f0000 ADD CLR CARRY ANSWER POINTER
1473 00000a22 >df00 AD LDA B #$06 1st NO. POINTER
1474 00000a24 c606 LDX NUM1
1475 00000a26 >de00 STA W3 2nd NO. POINTER
1476 00000a28 >df00 LDX NUM2
1477 00000a2a >de00 STA W4
1478 00000a2c >df00 LDX W3
1479 00000a2e >de00 STA W4
1480 00000a30 a605 LDA A 5,X
1481 00000a32 09 DEX
1482 00000a33 >df00 STA W3
1483 00000a35 >de00 LDX W4
1484 00000a37 ab05 ADDA 5,X ADD
1485 00000a39 09 STA W4
1486 00000a3a >df00 ADDA CARRY SET ON ADDITION OVERFLOW
1487 00000a3c >9b00 CLR CARRY OR POS. RESULT SUBTRACTION
1488 00000a3e >7f0000 BSR ADJ DECIMAL ADJUST
1489 00000a41 8d10
1490 00000a43 >de00 LDX W5
1491 00000a45 a705 STA 5,X SAVE ANSWER
1492 00000a47 09 DEX
1493 00000a48 >df00 STA W5
1494 00000a4a 5a DECB
1495 00000a4b 26e1 BNE LOOP DONE ?
1496 00000a4d 39 RTS
1497
1498 00000a4e 800a AJ SUBA #10 YES, SUBTRACT 10
1499 00000a50 >7c0000 INC CARRY AND RECORD CARRY
1500 00000a53 810a ADJ CMPA #10 10 OR MORE ?
1501 00000a55 24f7 BHS AJ NO
1502 00000a57 39 RTS
1503
1504 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1505 * Current binary divide ratio in SMEM & * *
1506 * SMEM+1 is converted to decimal in RQ. * *
1507 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1508
1509
1510
1511 00000a58 >9601 DCON LDAA SMEM+1 TRANSFER CURRENT
1512 00000a5a >9700 STA W2 FREQUENCY DIVIDE
1513 00000a5c >9600 STA SMEM RATIO INTO
1514 00000a5e >9700 STA W1 WORKING AREA
1515 00000a60 >ce0000 DCON2 LDX #RR CLEAR
1516 00000a63 >df00 STA NUM1 RR
1517 00000a65 >bd0000 JSR CLRAS RR
1518 00000a68 >7c0005 INC RR+5 RR <- 1
1519 00000a6b >bd0000 JSR CLQ CLEAR RQ
1520 00000a6e 860e LDAA #14 14 BITS TO CONVERT
1521 00000a70 >9700 STA W6
1522 00000a72 >740000 LOOP2 LSR W2 MOVE OUT
1523 00000a75 >760000 ROR W1 FIRST (LS) BIT
1524 00000a78 2407 BCC NXT ZERO
1525 00000a7a >ce0000 LDW #RR ONE, ADD
1526 00000a7d >df00 STA NUM2 CURRENT VALUE
1527 00000a7f 8d9e BSR ADD OF RR
1528 00000a81 >ce0000 NXT LDX #RR ADD RR
1529 00000a84 >df00 STA NUM2 TO
1530 00000a86 8d97 BSR ADD ITSELF
1531 00000a88 >7a0000 DEC W6 ALL
1532 00000a8b 26e5 BNE LOOP2 DONE ?
1533 00000a8d 39 RTS
1534
1535 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1536 * Delay (X x 1.5mS). * *
1537 * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** * ***** *
1538
1539
1540
1541 00000a8e ce0064 DBNC LDX #100 150ms
1542 00000a91 2003 BRA SKDB
1543 00000a93 ce000a DBOUNC LDX #10 APPROX 15mS WITH A 8.388 MHZ XTAL
1544 00000a96 >df00 SKDB STA W6 X 1.5mS
1545 00000a98 ce00ff DLP LDX #SFF PAUSE
1546 00000a9b 21fe DLOOP BRN * 256x12
1547 00000a9d 21fe BRN * CYCLES
1548 00000a9f 09 DEX
1549 00000aa0 26f9 BNE DLOOP
1550 00000aa2 >7a0001 DEC W6+1
1551 00000aa5 26f1 BNE DLP
1552 00000aa7 39 ABO RTS

```

```

1554 *****  

1555 * Serial output routine to MC145170.  

1556 *****  

1557  

1558  

1559  

1560 00000aac 181d0401 P5170 BCLR PORTB,Y,$01 CLOCK LOW  

1561 00000aac 181d0410 BCLR PORTB,Y,$10 LE LOW  

1562 00000ab0 8600 LDAA #0 CLEAR  

1563 00000ab2 8d4d BSR SQU8I CONTROL REGISTER  

1564 00000ab4 181c0410 BSET PORTB,Y,$10 LATCH IT  

1565  

1566 00000ab8 181d0410 BCLR PORTB,Y,$10 LE LOW  

1567 00000abc >9601 LDAA SMEM+1  

1568 00000abe 847f ANDA #$7F  

1569 00000ac0 8d3f BSR SQU8I SEND MSBYTE  

1570 00000ac2 >9600 LDAA SMEM AND LSBYTE OF  

1571 00000ac4 8d3b BSR SQU8I NEW FREQUENCY  

1572 00000ac6 181c0410 BSET PORTB,Y,$10 LATCH IT  

1573  

1574 00000aca 181d0410 BCLR PORTB,Y,$10 LE LOW  

1575 00000acd 8603 LDAA #$03 SEND  

1576 00000ad0 8d33 BSR SQU7I REFERENCE  

1577 00000ad2 8620 LDAA #$20 DIVIDE RATIO  

1578 00000ad4 8d2b BSR SQU8I 800 = 8MHz/10kHz  

1579 00000ad6 181c0410 BSET PORTB,Y,$10 LATCH IT  

1580  

1581 *****  

1582 * Serial output routine to the MC145157.  

1583 *****  

1584  

1585 *****  

1586  

1587 00000ada >9600 P5157 LDAA SMEM TRANSFER SMEM AND  

1588 00000adc 48 LSLA W4 SMEM+1 TO TEMPORARY  

1589 00000add >9700 STAA W4 LOCATIONS AND MOVE  

1590 00000adf >9601 LDAA SMEM+1 UP ONE BIT TO INCLUDE  

1591 00000ae1 49 ROLA THE 5157 CONTROL BIT.  

1592 00000ae2 8d3f BSR SQU7 SEND MSBYTE (7 BITS)  

1593 00000ae4 >9600 LDAA W4 AND LSBYTE OF  

1594 00000ae6 8d37 BSR SQU8 NEW FREQUENCY  

1595 00000ae8 181c0408 BSET PORTB,Y,$08 LATCH  

1596 00000aec 181d0408 BCLR PORTB,Y,$08 IT  

1597 00000af0 864e LDAA #$4E SEND 15 BIT (14+1)  

1598 00000af2 8d2f BSR SQU7 REFERENCE  

1599 00000af4 8621 LDAA #$21 DIVIDE RATIO  

1600 00000af6 8d27 BSR SQU8  

1601 00000af8 181c0408 BSET PORTB,Y,$08 LATCH IT  

1602 00000afc 181d040b BCLR PORTB,Y,$08 ALL LOW (5157/70 SWITCHED OFF)  

1603 00000b00 39 RTS  

1604  

1605 *****  

1606 * Subroutines for the MC145157/170.  

1607 *****  

1608  

1609  

1610  

1611 00000b01 c608 SQU8I LDAB #8 SEND 8 BITS  

1612 00000b03 2003 BRA S1I  

1613 00000b05 48 SQU7I LSLA MOVE OUT MS BIT  

1614 00000b06 c607 LDAB #7 AND SEND OTHER 7  

1615 00000b08 48 S1I LSLA MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C"  

1616 00000b09 2404 BCC S2I ZERO ?  

1617 00000b0b 181c0402 S2I BSET PORTB,Y,$02 NO  

1618 00000b0f 181c0401 BSET PORTB,Y,$01 CLOCK  

1619 00000b13 181d0401 BCLR PORTB,Y,$01 IT  

1620 00000b17 181d0402 BCLR PORTB,Y,$02  

1621 00000b1b 5a DECB  

1622 00000b1c 26ea BNE S1I ANY MORE ?  

1623 00000ble 39 RTS  

1624  

1625 00000b1f c608 SQU8 LDAB #8 SEND 8 BITS  

1626 00000b21 2003 BRA S1  

1627 00000b23 48 SQU7 LSLA MOVE OUT MS BIT  

1628 00000b24 c607 LDAB #7 AND SEND OTHER 7  

1629 00000b26 48 S1 LSLA MOVE 1 BIT INTO "C"  

1630 00000b27 2404 BCC S2 ZERO ?  

1631 00000b29 181c0402 S2 BSET PORTB,Y,$02 NO  

1632 00000b2d 181d0401 BCLR PORTB,Y,$01 CLOCK  

1633 00000b31 181c0401 BSET PORTB,Y,$01 IT  

1634 00000b35 181d0402 BCLR PORTB,Y,$02  

1635 00000b39 5a DECB  

1636 00000b3a 26ea BNE S1 ANY MORE ?  

1637 00000b3c 39 RTS  

1638  

1639 *****  

1640 * Toggle 9/10 kHz step (MW).  

1641 *****  

1642  

1643  

1644  

1645 00000b3d >12004004 T910 BRSET STAT6,$40.CBH  

1646 00000b41 >140040 BSET STAT6,$40  

1647 00000b44 39 RTS  

1648 00000b45 >150040 CBH BCLR STAT6,$40  

1649 00000b48 39 RTS

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1703 00000000 >0000
1704 00000002 >0000
1705 00000004 >0000
1706 00000006 >0000
1707 00000008 >0000
1708 0000000a >0000
1709 0000000c >0000
1710 0000000e >0000
1711 00000010 >0000
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1713 00000014 >0000
1714 00000016 >0000
1715 00000018 >0000
1716 0000001a >0000
1717 0000001c >0000
1718 0000001e >0000
1719 00000020 >0000
1720 00000022 >0000
1721 00000024 >0000
1722 00000026 >0000
1723 00000028 >0000
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*****+
*      LINK batch files (RLE.BAT & RDE.LD) and PCBUG11 Vectors. *
*      ILD11 RADE.O FNCE.O RDSE.O -MKUF E32.MAP -G RDE -O RDE.OUT   *
*      IHEX RDE.OUT -O RDE.O                                         *
*      TYPE E32.MAP                                                 *
*      section .RAM1 BSS origin 0x0000                                *
*      section .RAM2 BSS origin 0x0100                                *
*      section .RAM3 BSS origin 0x0200          E32                  *
*      section .ROM1 origin 0xD000          $9000                *
*      section .ROM2 origin 0xE000          $9C00                *
*      section .ROM3 origin 0xF000          $A000                *
*      section .VECT origin 0xBFC1          -                    *
*      section .VECT2 origin 0xFFFFD6        ($FFFD6)             *
*      SECTION .VECT
*      JMP    START      SCI
*      JMP    START      SPI
*      JMP    START      PULSE ACCUMULATOR EDGE
*      JMP    START      -           OVER
*      JMP    START      TIMER OVER
*      JMP    START      -           IC4/OC5
*      JMP    START      -           OC4
*      JMP    START      -           OC3
*      JMP    START      -           OC2
*      JMP    START      -           OC1
*      JMP    START      -           IC3
*      JMP    START      -           IC2
*      JMP    START      -           IC1
*      JMP    TINTB     RTI
*      JMP    SDATA     IRQ
*      JMP    SHAFTX   NOT USED, XIRQ USED BY PCBUG11
*      JMP    START      SWI
*      JMP    START      ILLLEGAL OP CODE
*      JMP    START      COP
*      JMP    START      CLOCK MONITOR
*      JMP    START      RESET
*****+
*      MC68HC11E32 Vectors. *
*****+
SECTION .VECT2
ORG    $FFD6
FDB    START      SCI
FDB    START      SPI
FDB    START      PULSE ACCUMULATOR EDGE
FDB    START      -           OVER
FDB    START      TIMER OVER
FDB    START      -           IC4/OC5
FDB    START      -           OC4
FDB    START      -           OC3
FDB    START      -           OC2
FDB    START      -           OC1
FDB    START      -           IC3
FDB    START      -           IC2
FDB    START      -           IC1
FDB    TINTB     RTI
FDB    SDATA     IRQ
FDB    SHAFTX   XIRQ
FDB    START      SWI
FDB    START      ILLLEGAL OP CODE
FDB    START      COP
FDB    START      CLOCK MONITOR
FDB    START      RESET
END

```

Section synopsis

```

1 000000ae ( 174) .RAM1
2 00000100 ( 256) .RAM2
3 0000006d ( 109) .RAM3
4 00000849 ( 2889) .ROM1
5 0000002a ( 42) .VECT2

```

Symbol table

.RAM1	1 00000000 CONTD	4 000005df INSLP	4 000003fe NNTR	4 00000968 RECALL	4 00000702
.RAM2	2 00000000 CONTI	4 00000529 IOK	4 0000053c NC2D	4 000000c6 RETUNE	4 000005f0
.RAM3	3 00000000 COUNT	1 0000009a IOOK	4 0000022e NOPs	4 000000d1 RETUNE2	4 00000603
.ROM1	4 00000000 CPSL	4 000003cc IRQ	4 00000006 NCRT	4 000007c0 RJ	4 0000030a
.VECT2	5 00000000 CR	4 0000099a ITMP1	1 00000069 NOTCH	4 000002bc RKEY	4 000002ea
A5SD	4 00000847 CTAB	4 00000325 KBD	4 0000026f NCTFF2	4 00000723 RP	1 0000007c
A7	4 00000524 DAT	1 0000004b KCLC	4 000002f3 NOTN	4 000008e0 RPT	4 00000309
ABO	4 00000aa7 DBNC	4 00000a8e KEY	1 00000096 NCRT	4 000007ac RQ	1 00000076
ABO3	4 00000470 DBOUNC	4 00000a93 KEY1	4 00000279 NOTSNZ	4 000000e0 RR	1 00000082
ABOA	4 000003a3 DCON	4 00000a58 KEYP	4 000002f5 NRDSP	4 0000019b RT	3 00000028
ABTA	4 0000065c DCON2	E 4 00000a60 KEYP2	4 000002f7 NRML	4 000002c0 RTDIS	1 00000043
AD	4 00000a24 DECS	4 0000040d KHZ	4 0000098f NS1	4 000003ea RTDSP	4 0000079f
ADD	4 00000af1 DEL500	4 00000471 KOUNT	1 00000097 NSRO	4 0000194 S1	4 00000b26
ADJ	4 00000a53 DF	4 000007e0 L1	4 00000298 NT1	4 0000165 S1I	4 00000b08
ADON	4 00000393 DI	1 000000a4 L2	4 000009bf NT2	4 0000017b S2	4 00000b2d
AGS	4 0000044e DIG2	1 00000098 LS	4 000001b8 NT2J	4 00000e4 S2I	4 00000b0f
AISM	4 0000084b DIGIT	4 00000426 L6	4 000001d6 NTB2	4 00000889 SAVE	4 00000838
AJ	4 00000a4e DISP	3 00000000 LAST	4 0000037d NTB3	4 00000882 SCHAN	1 000000a5
ALARM	4 00000381 DISPL	1 00000074 LDXR	4 000007f9 NUM1	1 0000009b SCNT	1 000000ad
ALOF	4 0000038e DISPL2	1 00000075 LDXR2	4 00000802 NUM2	1 0000009d SDATA	I 0 00000000
ALRON	4 000003be DISPP	3 00000010 LED	1 0000009f NWA	4 00000f1 SDT	4 00000884
ALSU1	4 000004a5 DIST	1 00000047 LEV	1 00000067 NWWS	4 00000173 SEC	1 0000006f
ALSU2	4 00000569 DLOOP	4 00000a9b LOOP	4 00000a2e NXt	4 00000a81 SEM	4 00000257
AMIN	1 00000072 DLP	4 00000a98 LOOP2	4 00000472 OK6	4 0000020b SHAFT	E 4 0000024d
ANTI	4 00000191 DMD	4 00000594 LOOP3	4 00000a0d ONAG	4 00000101 SHAFTX	4 0000025e
AOB	4 00000833 DMI	4 000004d2 LP6	4 000008eb ONE	4 000008a6 SHIFT	4 0000044a
AOUR	1 00000073 DNT	4 000002f4 LPP	4 0000089f ONOFF	4 000003a4 SK	4 00000946
ARI	4 00000220 DNT2	4 000002ed M8	4 00000079 OUR	1 00000071 SK2P	4 000005ee
ASM	4 0000086a DOIT	4 00000663 MAK20	4 000004fe OUTCH	4 000005d6 SKDB	4 00000a96
BAND	4 00000926 DOM	1 00000044 MAK2E	4 00000502 P	1 00000015 SKIP	4 0000093e
BCON	4 000009b6 DOW	1 00000046 MAK30	4 00000506 P5157	4 00000ada SKP	4 0000045c
BCTO	1 000000ac DOWN	4 000007de MAK41	4 0000050a P5170	4 00000a8 SKPCLR	4 00000876
BD3	4 000001ec DR1	4 00000466 MAK61	4 0000050e PDEC	4 00000555 SKSM	4 00000964
BIT	1 00000068 E6L	4 000001fa MIN	1 00000070 PDEC2	4 00000541 SKTA	4 0000067b
BMJD	1 00000000 EON	2 00000000 MJD	1 00000030 PI	1 00000061 SLEEP	4 000003e6
BTO	4 00000201 EXIT	4 000002ab MJDAT	I 0 00000000 PIN	1 00000065 SLEP	4 00000400
CARRY	1 00000099 FINST	4 000006fb MKE20	4 000005c0 PINC	4 00000491 SLEPT	1 00000048
CBCD	I 0 00000000 FLN	4 00000122 MKE2E	4 000005c4 PINC2	4 0000047d SLPTOK	4 00000415
CBH	4 00000b45 FMB	4 0000079b MKE39	4 000005d0 PINOK1	4 00000161 SM	4 0000097d
CE6	4 000001ec FOK	4 0000061d MKE5A	4 000005c8 PION	1 00000063 SMEM	1 000000a0
CG6	4 000001c8 FULON	4 0000010f MKE7A	4 000005cc PJ	4 0000031d SODM	4 000003b2
CHE	4 000001e6 GETAD	4 00000780 MNTH	1 00000042 PNIM1	4 000005e9 SOK	4 00000148
CLAL	4 0000097b GON2	4 000002c8 MOD	I 0 00000000 PROC	I 0 00000000 SPCC	4 00000984
CLEAR	4 0000096f GOON	4 000002e4 MODE	4 00000933 PROG	4 0000088a SQU7	4 00000523
CLOCK	I 0 00000000 GOON2	4 000002d0 MSH	4 00000238 PSC	4 000003c7 SQU7I	4 00000b05
CLOOP	4 0000005a GOON3	4 000002de MSM	4 00000854 PSN	3 00000020 SQU8	4 00000b1f
CLOP	4 000009f5 GROUP	1 00000057 MZ	4 00000577 PSN0	4 000004d7 SQU8I	4 00000b01
CLP	4 00000992 H2L	4 00000032 NABT	4 00000834 PSN1	4 00000599 SRT	4 00000820
CLQ	4 00000993 HIGH	4 000003e9 NACS	4 000004d3 PSNOK	4 00000690 START	4 00000009
CLRAS	4 0000096 HTOH	4 000004c4 NACS2	4 00000595 PSNP	1 0000004a STAT	1 00000046
CLREON	I 0 00000000 HZ	4 00000586 NAME	4 00000859 PSOK	4 000006c7 STAT2	1 000000a7
CLRNVM	4 000009f2 IDLE	4 000000ac NDU	4 000000db PTY	1 0000005f STAT3	1 000000a8
CLTR	E 4 000009a3 IDLJ	4 0000023c NEW	E 4 000008a9 PTYCMP	1 00000060 STAT4	1 000000a9
CLTR2	4 000009a6 IF	4 000007d1 NEWJ	4 000007ee Q	1 00000003 STATS	1 000000a2
CNTB	4 00000510 IFO	4 000008d3 NEWSUB	4 00000707 R	1 00000027 STAT6	1 000000ab
CNTS	4 000005d2 IFS	4 00000908 NEWSUB2	4 00000716 RCPL	4 0000023f STIF	4 000008ca
COM2	4 00000a09 IHR	4 000004b9 NFM	4 0000086f RDSTO	1 00000049 STORE	4 00000671
COMP	4 00000a0b IHRD	4 0000057d NFMB	4 00000861 READ1	4 00000756 STR	4 00000405
CONF	1 0000006c INITD	I 0 00000000 NNT2	4 000000e7 REARET	1 000000a2 STRST	4 00000000
SUB	4 00000a07 TATP	4 0000022a TMFGRP	1 0000004f TPOF	4 000003f2 W4	1 0000008e
SWB2	4 0000079b TBH	4 00000be TMQ	1 0000000c TPOK	4 00000155 W5	1 00000090
SYN	1 0000006a TEM	4 0000025a TMRB	4 00000003 TT1	4 000007d9 W6	1 00000092
T5S	4 000004c7 TEST	4 00000821 TNF	4 00000655 TT2	4 000007e8 W7	1 00000094
T5SD	4 00000589 TFCC	I 0 00000000 TOG57	4 00000517 UDCNT	4 00000399 WAIT	I 0 00000000
T910	4 00000b3d TH32	1 0000006d TOG57J	4 00000495 UP	4 000007cf WBYTE	4 0000076f
TAEH	4 000003e6 TH8	1 0000006e TOOH	4 000004b4 WI	1 00000088 WRITE1	4 0000075d
TASOK	4 0000064c TINTB	I 0 00000000 TPEN	4 000003d5 W2	1 0000008a XEM	4 00000268
TASW	4 0000062b TMP	1 0000001e TPIC	4 0000062c W3	1 0000008c YEM	4 0000026b
TATP	4 0000022a				

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